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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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ROASTING HAVEMEYER.

HOT SHOT FOR THE SUGAR TRUST MAGNATE.

His Attack on the Tariff as the "Mother of Trusts" is Shown to Have Been Prompted by Motives of Resentment and Revenge—His Labor Record.

In fighting a protective tariff as he is doing Mr. Havemeyer seems to be what in common parlance is styled a "boorhead." He is undoubtedly mad all through because the protectionists will not grant him one-quarter of a cent a pound duty on refined sugar; and because they have only permitted him to have one-eighth of a cent a pound he thinks to get even with them by attacking and denouncing the whole system of protection as the "mother of all trusts." The Government would serve him as he deserves to take him at his word, so far as his trust is concerned, and remove all duties on the refining of sugar. That is, the duty on raw sugar averages about .01 92-100 of a cent a pound; on refined sugar it is ½ cent a pound more—placed there for the benefit of refineries. Allowing the consumption of sugar in the United States to be 2,000,000,000 pounds a year, ½ cent a pound would be $2,500,000, a large portion of which would inevitably find its way into the pockets of the Sugar Trust. Now, if this extra duty for refined sugar is taken off, foreign refiners can send their product here, and the Sugar Trust, according to the following quotation from Mr. Havemeyer, would be smashed. He was asked:

"Q. As regards the present tariff on sugar, supposing that were to be removed, what would the effect be, the tariff on refined differential? A. It would knock the sugar industry silly.

"Q. You think if this differential were removed now—— A. (interrupting) It would inflict a terrible and infamous wrong upon 100,000 people dependent upon it, merely truckling to a miserable bugaboo hero of a public clamor about trusts.

"Q. You think that this industry is practically dependent upon this one-eighth per cent. differential duty? A. It is indissolubly. Let there come the slightest cause for any interruption of the refining business here, so that the profits could advance, and we would be inundated now with foreign product, because one-eighth stands in the way. It is not enough; we ought to have one-quarter."

If we consume 2,000,000,000 pounds of sugar yearly, and pay five cents a pound for it, it amounts to $100,000,000 annually; and if this money goes into the hands of our people it helps to make the nation rich. But if it goes to pay for foreign sugar we are impoverished by it. On this account it is far better for us as a nation to have protection even with trusts than no protection without trusts. The trusts we should have in any event, as is abundantly proved by this same sugar trust having been established under a would-be free trade administration, as was also its twin trust, the Standard Oil, and the trusts across the water in free trade England.

The trouble with Mr. Havemeyer is that he is one of those grasping men who wants protection for his special business, but does not care a fig whether anybody else has any or not. He says ten per cent. duties will protect all of our industries. He sneeringly says: "A man cannot expect to have himself continually wet-nursed by the Government," and yet he is whining because the Government declines to wet-nurse his overgrown trust with a new one-eighth of a cent a pound nursing bottle. He also says:

"The sugar refiners have never had a fair show at the hands of the Ways and Means Committee. When I came before that committee as an individual they were willing to give me anything; but when I came as the representative of the American Sugar Refining Company, of five times the importance, asking for an adequate tariff, I was told to get out."

This was because that committee knew that he was asking for a tariff on refining sugar that would give him a monopoly of almost the entire sugar industry, and that he could thereby compel the people to pay his price for sugar, and they therefore decided that he had been "wet-nursed" sufficiently and might henceforth take care of himself. They also considered, no doubt, the fact that a duty of one-eighth of a cent a pound on refining sugar is as fully protective as forty or fifty per cent. ad valorem would be on nearly all other products of the country, and there are many products upon which 100 per cent. duties is as necessary to full protection as one-quarter of one cent per pound is for sugar refining.

When asked as to the result if this one-eighth of a cent a pound duty were removed, Mr. Havemeyer instantly replied, as before quoted: "It would inflict a terrible and infamous wrong upon 100,000 dependent upon it."

When asked about the class of laborers employed in his refineries he replied:

"Almost exclusively unskilled, the lowest kind of labor, getting from $1.35 to $1.50 per day. Poles, Bohemians, the lowest class of labor in the country."

Now, as Mr. Havemeyer, according to his own testimony, is "not philanthropical," we propound the following question to see if he is mathematical:

If the removal of one-eighth of a cent a pound, or eight per cent. ad valorem, on refined sugar, "would inflict a terrible and infamous wrong on 100,000 of the lowest class of laborers in the country," what would twenty or forty per cent. reduction applied to nearly all our industries (as Mr. H. proposes), inflict upon 30,000,000 of workers, many of whom are of the highest and best class of skilled employes in the land?

Does any intelligent voter want a return of the panic of 1893, the strikes and the riots of 1894 and the long period of business depression up to the election in 1896? We would far better have protection and prosperity as we now have, with all the trusts and the war with the Philippines continued perpetually, than the low tariff, bankruptcy, business depression, strikes and riots that prevailed during Cleveland's bankrupting administration, caused by the Wilson-Gorman tariff.

Whether or not it be true that trusts are more in number and more thriving under a high tariff than under a low tariff, it is beyond question or dispute true that all business men, though not connected with any trust—the manufacturers, merchants, farmers, mechanics, workingmen and all professional men—thrive more and make far more profits under a protective tariff than under a low tariff or free trade. The profits of all industries are greater under a high than under a low tariff, because everybody is kept more actively employed, and the money the people receive is kept in this country, and hence we have a larger volume of money with which a larger amount of business may be done. Let the tariff and the money of the country alone and prosperity will continue in spite of all other obstacles. The trusts can be controlled as well under a protective as they can under a low tariff.

Relief From Burdens.

Mr. O. H. P. Belmont, in an interview with the reporters after his return from the conference of the Democratic National Committee at St. Louis, is reported to have said, in reference to the meeting:

"There was not so much enthusiasm as there was desire to lay out a plan of campaign that would promise success and relief from the burdens that so many honest and earnest thinkers in the Democratic party believe now overwhelm the country."

It would be interesting to have these "honest and earnest thinkers" enumerate the burdens which now overwhelm the country and from which we need relief. Is it the burden of general employment at high wages of which they wish to be rid? Or do they wish to throw away the burden of gold which our National Treasury and the banks generally are now carrying? Perhaps they are wearied by the present great business activity, or are weighed down by the thought of our large bank clearings and by the growing immensity of our foreign trade.

There is no doubt whatever that the success of the Democratic party under the leadership of Bryan and with its old-time policy of free trade could and would soon relieve the country of these burdens and give us idleness and want, industrial paralysis and insolvent banks. It is not likely to get the chance, however. The people of the country are quite willing to carry the burdens of well-paid work and of plenty of money, are quite willing to keep business humming and banks, as well as people, prosperous. And there don't appear to be any other burdens besides these now "overwhelming" the country of which the people are aware. If there are other and less desirable burdens, Mr. Belmont, Mr. Bryan and their friends must be bearing them all. One thing is sure, however, and that is that there are no other burdens than those mentioned of which free trade would relieve us.

Hoist With His Own Petard.

Trade Gates Swing Outward.

"The fiscal year of 1898 was the banner year of the foreign trade of the United States, our exports being the largest ever recorded for a like period and our imports exceptionally small."—Washington dispatch in Detroit Free Press.

The Free Press is one of those papers that wants free trade so as to reach out for the "markets of the world." Ex-President Harrison said, "The gates of Castle Garden swing inward, never outward." The gateways of trade seem to be different and, under our protective policy, swing outward, seldom inward.—Paw Paw (Mich.) True Northerner.

All Point to the Necessity.

It is essential that something be done, and done soon. The enormous tribute of hundreds of millions in freight paid to foreign shipowners, the stimulus that would be given to all the crafts that enter into construction of the modern ship, the need of educated seamen in time of war, and the commercial gain that would come from having the flag known in every port of the world, as well as the moral dignity given to a nation that supports a large merchant marine, all point the necessity. And the interest of the interior in all this is obviously as great as that of the coast.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Slumped to Zero.

Sheep and wool clip in Kansas last year increased thirteen per cent. under the favorable operations of the Dingley tariff. Under the Wilson bill the Kansas sheep industry slumped to practically zero.—Topeka (Kan.) Capital.

Penalty of Absent-Mindedness.

A wealthy but absent-minded resident of McPherson, Kan., recently bought a safe in which to keep his valuables and being unable to remember the combination scribbled it on the plastering of a near-by wall. Subsequently he ordered a calciminer to put a new coat on the wall. The memorandum was obliterated and it became necessary to have the safe blown open.

Then She Thought.

Mrs. Grimes—Mr. Gushwell was real good, wasn't he? Relict of Departed Politician—Yes; but one thing I didn't like, what he said about Tom having filled every office in the gift of the people. Tom was no beggar; whatever he got he paid for."—Boston Transcript.

STEAMER A TOTAL LOSS.

The Portia, From New York For Halifax, Runs Ashore in a Fog.

ALL SAVED EXCEPT ONE BOY.

The Vessel Grounded on the Rocks Off Sambro Point—The 117 Passengers and Crew Were Rowed Ashore—They Were Out All Night on an Island Close to the Mainland.

HALIFAX, N. S. (Special).—The steamer Portia, from New York for Halifax, was wrecked during a dense fog on Flinn's Island, off Sambro, a point about fifteen miles to the eastward of Halifax. The passengers and crew, 117 in all, were safely landed on the island in the ship's boats.

The only victim of the wreck was a twelve-year-old Syrian lad, known by the name of Basha, who was traveling second class from New York to St. John's, N. F., where his mother lives. He was left in the ship and was not missed until the passengers and crew were landed on the island.

The disaster occurred shortly before 7 p. m. The passengers, of whom there were more than seventy-five, were nearly all tourists. The steamer had a cargo for this port and St. John's, N. F. The place where she struck is known as Big Fish Shoal, and is one and a half miles west of the light on Sambro Island.

The startling news of the wreck of the Portia was received here by telephone from Sambro Village. Captain Farrell and a boat's crew had landed at Sambro, after all the passengers, officers, and men had been comfortably housed on Inner Sambro Island. There are only two houses on Inner Sambro, but the occupants of these quickly turned out to receive the large ship-wrecked party.

When the steamer struck, most of the passengers were on deck, despite the dampness of the surroundings. The Portia took the shoal with a dull, grinding shock that sent a thrill from stem to stern and brought all on deck to their feet in alarm.

The steamer came to a sudden stop and the engines, which were immediately reversed, refused to pull her off. In the long, strong swell her stern moved gently up and down, but her bow held immovably to the rocks.

When her commander found her filling so rapidly that the lives of the people on board were becoming imperilled, he gave the orders to make for the shore. Few of the passengers ventured below to recover their valuables after they learned that they were in danger.

The weather was extremely thick at the time of the wreck, and there was a heavy southwest swell on the sea. It is believed Captain Farrell mistook his position when he heard the bomb signals at Sambro Light, which sound every twenty minutes, and which Captain Clarke, of the Red Cross steamer Silvia, says are so misleading that it is extremely difficult to locate a ship's position on hearing them.

It was 6.50 o'clock when she struck the rocks. She began to make water immediately, and at 7.30 o'clock Captain Farrell concluded that it was unsafe to remain on board any longer.

Orders were then given to lower the boats. The fleet of lifeboats, keeping close together, made Inner Sambro Island in less than three-quarters of an hour, and their occupants were soon housed.

From Inner Sambro to the mainland is only a short distance, and as soon as Captain Farrell found that everybody from the steamer was safe and sound, he started for Sambro village, whence he dispatched the advices of the wreck.

CZAR'S BROTHER DEAD.

Grand Duke George Passes Away After a Long Illness From Consumption.

ST. PETERSBURG (By Cable).—The Grand Duke George, brother of the Czar and heir to the throne of Russia, is dead.

GRAND DUKE GEORGE.
(The heir to the Russian throne who has died of consumption.)

The Grand Duke had been in ill-health for a number of years past. He was suffering from consumption.

The Czar's brother, Grand Duke Michael of Russia, is now heir apparent.

TEACHERS' TRAIN WRECKED.

Two Women Delegates Killed in a Collision at Newman, Cal.

NEWMAN, Cal. (Special).—A special train of nine coaches, in charge of S. R. Drury, of the Burlington road, on its way from St. Louis to Los Angeles and loaded with teachers bound for the National Educational Convention, ran into a freight train near the station at this place a few days ago. Two women were killed and thirteen other passengers injured, one severely.

The killed are Mrs. Lena Thomas, of St. Louis, and Miss Addie Harris, of St. Louis. Both were in the forward birth of the sleeper. Mrs. Harris was killed instantly, her head being crushed. Mrs. Hammond, who was an elderly lady, was taken from the wrecked car in a dying condition. She never recovered consciousness and died in five minutes.

Famine Prevails in Jamaica.

The severe, protracted drought in Southern Jamaica is causing widespread distress and alarm. The coffee, orange, and corn crops are almost destroyed, and the destruction of the natives' provision crops is causing a famine. The rural population is fleeing from the homesteads, seeking relief in town centres.

The Brooklyn to Visit Antwerp.

It is announced that the United States warship Brooklyn will visit Antwerp, Belgium, in August, upon the occasion of the Van Dyck fetes. A great reception awaits her.

Cycling Notes.

The Nebraska division of the L. A. W. has succeeded in having repealed an obnoxious ordinance which discriminated against wheelmen and favored owners of other vehicles.

The cycle racing organizations have not experienced a profitable season thus far. Probably every race meet, with the exception of those held at Newark on Sundays, has been a failure from a financial standpoint.

Palmer, Walters and Armstrong, the English racing men, do not use cranks over six and three-quarter inches, though their gears are much over one hundred. This is a fact worth remembering in long-crank discussions

TEXAS FLOOD LOSS HEAVY

Damage to Crops Estimated at Not Less Than $40,000,000.

MILES OF LAND INUNDATED.

Contributions Are Now Being Received From All Sections—Districts Organized Adjacent to the Inundated Region For the Distribution of Supplies—Governor Sayers Receives 16,500 From New York

AUSTIN, Texas (Special).—A careful calculation made by Judge N. A. Cravens, private secretary to Governor Sayers, from the reports on file in his office, shows that the overflowed district extends from McLennan County to the Gulf in Brazoria County, a distance of about 325 miles. The average width of the inundated portion of the valley is about ten miles. In some places the water covered the rich agricultural land to a width of fifteen miles, while at other points the width was not more than four miles.

Taking these conservative figures as a basis it is calculated that the area inundated is nearly 21,000,000 acres. Estimating the cotton yield at only one bale per acre and the value of each bale at $20, and calculating that only one-twentieth of the inundated district was planted in cotton, the loss from that source alone will be $20,000,000. The damage to other crops will amount to an equal sum, making a total estimated loss in crops alone of $40,000,000. It is asserted by those who have been throughout the inundated region that the above estimate is not any too high.

The water has covered the growing cotton, corn and sugar cane so long that it is now assured that the loss of those crops is complete, and that it will be too late in the season to replant. It will be several months before the two thousand and more country road bridges can be replaced owing to the fact that the State Legislature at its recent session passed a law requiring that all country bridges must be constructed on contract, and that the bids must be asked through advertisements. There is no provision for such an emergency as exists at present. The cost of the destroyed bridges runs from $500 to $16,000 each.

The estimated railroad loss from the flood is from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000. The Houston and Texas Central, it is said, will have to rebuild the entire road between Calvert and Hearne, and its total expenditures in Robertson County will reach fully half a million dollars. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas losses near Sealy and Dewey will be equally large, and the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe and the Southern Pacific are afflicted keenly in many places.

Governor Sayers is in constant receipt of reports from the numerous committees in charge of the work of rescuing and distributing food supplies to the flood refugees. The Governor has received many contributions from Texas towns and from Eastern and Northern cities. Prominent men of New York City have sent $16,500, while other liberal donations have also been made. The response to Governor Sayers's appeal for aid is very gratifying and is much appreciated.

It is now realized that it will be a heavy task to take care of the homeless and needy people until shelter and work can be provided. A plan of action by which it is hoped an abundance of the necessary supplies can be obtained has been perfected by the Governor. It consists of the formation of districts, each of which is composed of counties that were unaffected by the flood and are contiguous to the inundated region. The County Judges in these districts will call on the people of their respective counties for aid and to forward all contributions of food and clothing to specified distributing points.

Governor Sayers has sent money to many places along the Brazos River with instructions to municipal officers and flood committees that it be expended for food and clothing. Twenty thousand Government rations arrived at Richmond, and the work of distributing them began immediately. Richmond is the centre of a large territory of devastated cotton and sugarcane plantations, and thousands of starving and destitute negroes are gathered there. Ninety-five per cent. of the flood sufferers are negroes, many thousands of whom are destitute of clothing and shelter.

The loss of life will, perhaps, never be known. The estimates that have been made make the number of persons drowned from 100 to 300.

SHOT AS A SPY BY FILIPINOS.

Pennsylvania Soldier Captured and Shot While Scouting Near Caloocan.

ALTOONA, Penn. (Special).—A comrade of Grant Cullom, of Company C, Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, until recently in service in the Philippines, has written to friends here that Cullom was captured and shot as a spy at Caloocan. Cullom was fluent in the Spanish language, and for that reason was detached as an orderly to General Otis. Near Caloocan he entered the Filipino lines, but a rainstorm destroyed his disguise. He was captured and shot in sight of the American outpost. Cullom leaves a widowed mother residing in Beaver Falls.

An American Woman Honored.

Mrs. May Wright Sewall, President of the United States Council of the Women's International Council, has been elected to succeed the Countess of Aberdeen as President of the Women's International Council, which will hold its next meeting in Berlin.

Como Exhibition Burned Out.

The Volta Electrical Exhibition, which was being held at Como, Italy, has been entirely destroyed by fire, due to defective electric wires. Many relics of Volta perished. There was no loss of life.

Newsy Gleanings.

Jung Lu, a favorite of the Empress Dowager, is said to be scheming to make himself ruler of China.

In some parts of Russia the only food for the people consists at present in acorns, leaves and the soft bark of trees.

A thousand tons of fodder and war materials have been shipped from the Woolwich Arsenal, England, to South Africa.

Johnson's Island, Lake Erie, which was famous as a prison for Confederate soldiers during the Civil War, has been sold at auction for $45,000.

There are twenty-three volunteer American soldiers in prison at Santiago, Cuba, under sentences ranging from three months to two and a half years

ENDEAVORERS IN DETROIT

They Hold the Most Successful Convention in the Society's History.

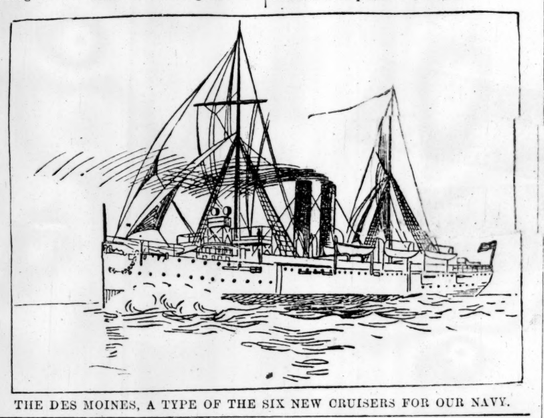
The Secretary's Report Shows a Membership of 3,500,000—The Old Officers Were Unanimously Re-elected.

DETROIT, Mich. (Special).—Fully 20,000 delegates attended the Christian Endeavor Convention which has just been held in this city, besides thousands of visitors who are not connected with the society, but who came here to attend the meetings. The convention was the most successful in the history of the society. At the first business session of the convention in Tent Endeavor more than 10,000 people were called to order by the Rev. Dr. Nemiah Boynton, of Detroit. After devotional exercises, led by P. S. Foster, of Washington, Secretary John Willis Baer submitted his annual report.

OFFICERS OF THE Y. P. S. OF C. E.
(They were re-elected at the Eighteenth International Convention just held.)

He said that there was now an official enrollment of 55,813 societies, with a total membership of 3,500,000. The report furthered showed that the various societies had expended fully a half a million dollars in missionary work during the past year, and had donated various sums to other charities and toward defraying expenses of educating men for the ministry. Francis E. Clark, the President, followed Mr. Baer, delivering his annual address to the members.

Treasurer William Shaw's report showed the finances to be in good shape. The publishing department's receipts at Boston were $69,037.25 and at Chicago $13,228.67. After deducting expenses the balance on hand at both places is $3103.93.



THE DES MOINES, A TYPE OF THE SIX NEW CRUISERS FOR OUR NAVY.

At a meeting of the Trustees the present officers of the United Society were unanimously re-elected, as follows: President, the Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark; Secretary, John Willis Baer; Treasurer, William Shaw, all of Boston. Representatives on the Board of Trustees of the United Society were elected from each State, Territory, and the Provinces of Canada.

There was enthusiastic applause when Secretary Baer read the following telegram from the President of the United States:

"The Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark, Detroit, Mich.: On the occasion of the eighteenth international convention of your society, I desire to express my cordial interest in its work, my best wishes to those assembled with you in convention, and my earnest hope for the continuance and increase of the great results which the efforts of the Christian Endeavor Society have achieved.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

The meeting of 1900 is to be held in London, England. Ohio members of the society, headed by the Cincinnati delegation, came here prepared to overwhelm all opposition for 1901. The trustees, however, buried Cincinnati's claim by deciding that the place for the convention of 1901 should be left to the next annual meeting.

PLAN OF THE NEW WARSHIPS.

The Six New Cruisers Are to Be Sheathed and Copper Bottomed.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The six new cruisers of the Des Moines class for which Congress made appropriation at its last session are in one respect, that of being sheathed and coppered, a radical departure from previous practice, but they are in every respect up to date.

The general dimensions and features of the Des Moines will be as follows:

Length on load water line, 292 feet; length, extreme, 308 feet 2 inches; breadth, extreme, about 43 feet; full-load displacement, about 3400 tons; total coal bunker capacity, not less than 700 tons; speed on trial, 16½ knots; type of engines, vertical inverted, four cylinder, triple expansion, estimated indicated horse-power, 4500 tons.

Main battery—Ten five-inch fifty-caliber breech-loading rapid-fire guns.

Auxiliary battery—Eight six-pounder rapid-fire guns, two one-pounder rapid-fire guns, four Colt machine guns.

Sail area about 6000 square feet.

The guns will be designed for smokeless powder and the five-inch guns will be more effective than the old type of six-inch guns.

Attempted to Kill Ex-King Milan.

Former King Milan, father of King Alexander of Servia, narrowly escaped assassination at Belgrade, a few days ago. The would-be murderer is under arrest. He fired four revolver shots, one of which grazed His Majesty, slightly wounding him in the back, another wounding in the hand Adjutant Lukitch, who was with him.

General Walker is Acquitted.

At Bristol, Va., the jury in the case of General James A. Walker, charged with shooting Lawyer Hamilton, returned a verdict of not guilty.

President Summoned Governor Roosevelt.

Governor Roosevelt went to Washington a few days ago to have a conference with President McKinley at the White House. He went in response to a telegraphic summons from the President. The purpose of the President in summoning the Governor was to have a talk with him regarding the organization of the ten new regiments of volunteers about to be recruited, and particularly with reference to the appointment of principal officers for the regiments.

Fixed Bayonets Quell Rioters.

Regular soldiers dispersed street-car rioters in London, Ont., a few days ago, at the point of the bayonet.

FOR THE NEW REGIMENTS

Appointment of Volunteer Officers to Serve in the Philippines.

PROMOTION FOR GALLANT ACTS

Two Regiments of Veterans in the Philippines Are Assured—President McKinley Has Appointed Lieutenant-Colonels, Captains and Lieutenants For the New Volunteer Regiments.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has appointed the following Lieutenant-Colonels of Volunteers:

Major J. F. Bell, Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers, now serving in the Philippines. He was appointed from Kentucky to West Point in 1874. He went to Manila with General Merritt, and has had charge of the Bureau of Military Information.

Captain Herbert H. Sargent, who was Colonel of the Fifth Immune Regiment during the war with Spain. He was appointed to West Point from Illinois.

Captain John J. Brereton, of the Twenty-fourth Infantry. He was appointed from New Jersey to West Point and was graduated in 1877, since which time he has been with the Twenty-fourth Infantry. He was in the battle of San Juan Hill, and was highly commended for his coolness and bravery.

Captain E. H. Plummer, Tenth Infantry. He was appointed to West Point from Maryland in 1873. During the Spanish war he was on duty in Cuba as Brigade Quartermaster at the headquarters of the Fifth Corps. Captain Plummer was recommended for brevet for gallantry in action at Santiago. He has been assigned to the Thirty-fifth Infantry. He will recruit and organize this regiment at Vancouver, Washington, and command it until it arrives at Manila. This is the regiment to which Colonel Kobbe has been assigned.

Lieutenant Frank C. Boiles, Sixth Infantry, has been assigned as an aide or General Wheeler's staff and ordered to report to the General at San Francisco.

The President has also made the following appointments in the Volunteer army: One Major, eighteen Captains, twenty First Lieutenants and thirteen Second Lieutenants.

Secretary Alger is very anxious to have the new regiments recruited as far as possible from men who served in the State volunteers during the Spanish war. He has received information from a number of officers, especially those who were on duty mustering out the volunteers in different States that if there was an opportunity afforded, probably ninety per cent. of the new regiments would be composed of these men. Of course, under the regulations, the recruiting officers cannot discriminate between the men who have been in the Volunteer service and those who have not, and men will be enlisted as they apply without regard to their previous service records.

GENERAL OTIS'S VETERANS.

He Cables That Two Regiments Are Assured in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—General Otis cables the following:

"Two veteran regiments assured. Will enlist about 2000. You can appoint eleven Second Lieutenants near first and nine for second regiment to recruit in United States; all other officers filled. Regiments styled First and Second Philippine United States Veteran Volunteer Infantry."

Adjutant-General Corbin cabled General Otis that these designations could not be allowed for the Philippine regiments. In order to save confusion they would be called the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh United States Volunteer Infantry.

ADMIRAL CERVERA'S TRIAL.

Judgment of the Court-Martial on the Santiago Fight Has Been Postponed.

MADRID, Spain (By Cable).—Judgment has been postponed in the case of Admiral Cervera and most of the other officers whose conduct in the battle off Santiago resulting in the loss of the Spanish fleet, has been the subject of inquiry by special court-martial. This is practically equivalent to an acquittal. All of the officers have been liberated except Captain Diaz Moreu, who was commander of the Cristobal Colon. General Paredes is to be prosecuted.

ADMIRAL CERVERA.

SIX KILLED BY A RAILROAD TRAIN.

A Family Practically Wiped Out at a Dangerous Grade Crossing.

COLUMBUS, Ohio (Special).—All save one of the seven members of the family of William Reinhard, of this city, were killed, and the other one was badly injured, by a Big Four passenger train a few days ago. The dead are William Reinhard, aged forty-one; Rachael Reinhard, aged forty; William Reinhard, aged twelve; Arthur Reinhard, aged nine; Karl Reinhard, aged seven, and Edward Reinhard, aged five. The injured one was Clarence Reinhard, aged fourteen, his collar bone being broken.

Mr. and Mrs. Reinhard and their five children were out for an afternoon drive in a surry. The crossing has long been regarded as a dangerous one, the view of incoming trains being obscured by a high fence around the fair grounds. The train was running at a high rate of speed.

A Crusade Against Polygamists.

A new crusade against polygamy was started at Salt Lake, Utah, by the arrest of Angus M. Cannon, a well-known leader of the Mormon Church. One of the plural wives of Cannon, Mrs. Mattie Hughes Cannon, who is a State Senator and served in the late Legislature, gave birth to a child in April last, which circumstance is the chief evidence upon which the present complaint is founded. The prosecution of Cannon will be followed up by informations being filed against B. H. Roberts, President Snow, John Henry Smith and many other Mormons who do not deny the nature of the the relations which exist between them and their plural wives.

Prominent People.

Senator Hoar says he never has missed while in this country having codfish balls for breakfast Sunday.

Frank Thomson, late President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, has left his estate of $750,000 to his three children.

Viscount Miura, the Japanese General, has joined with Count Okuma in a crusade against higher taxes to provide for a larger army and navy.

A text book on railroads, by Professor Hadley, the new President of Yale University, has been translated into Russian by order of the Czar, and is now used as a regular text book for required study in the Russian universities

TWO BRAVE ARMY GIRLS.

One Noble Sister Who Nursed the Other Through Yellow Fever.

FATHER DIED OF DISEASE IN CUBA

Major Clendenin a Victim of Black Jack as His Daughters Sailed Away—Miss Helen Caught the Disease and Miss Ella Devotedly Nursed Her Back to Health—A Tale of Womanly Heroism

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Of the heroism of the men of the army, volumes have been written. With this heroism the story following has nothing to do. It treats of the heroism of two "army girls," brave, true hearted Yankee misses, whose lives since they have been out of pinafores have been spent in barracks, within the sound of drums and the rumble of feet tramping in cadence.

The name of these "army girls" is Clendenin. They are the daughters of a martyr to duty and they are martyrs themselves. One of them is slowly convalescing from an attack of yellow fever on Swinburne Island; the other is recovering from the strain of nursing her sister through the illness that threatened her life. In a trench outside of Bonlato Camp, near Santiago, the body of their father has been buried, though at first they did not know it.

Paul Clendenin was a physician in Galesburg, Ill., fourteen years ago. He had two little daughters, Helen and Ella, and to them he was father and mother, for his young wife had died. He sought forgetfulness of his affliction, but he could not gain it in the drowsy atmosphere of Galesburg. Naturally fond of a nomadic existence, life in the army appealed to him.

He applied for a position in the Medical Corps, passed a brilliant examination and became an assistant surgeon in November, 1886.

When the war with Spain broke out Dr. Clendenin had reached the grade of captain, and was considered one of the best of the army surgeons. He made application to be allowed to enter the volunteers, and permission was granted. In June, 1898, he was made a brigade surgeon with the rank of major, and was assigned to General Fitzhugh Lee's command.

Major Clendenin had his hands full. The hospital was full of soldiers the winter through. From general to private the army fought off the fever, and right in the van of the attacking force were the Clendenin girls. But the fight was futile—the fever came, and one of the first to feel its effects in the Santiago district was Major Clendenin.

He battled with the disease with all the skill and strength of a trained fighter, but it conquered him. Late in June he told his daughters that they must get out of Santiago.

What! go to the cool breezes of the middle west and leave their father sweltering under the Santiago sun, ill perhaps! The Clendenin sisters said "no" to the proposition, but their father's arguments overcame their scruples.

Arrangements were made for the Clendenin girls to go to New York on the transport McClellan, together with nearly 100 others hurrying from the fever infested town. On the day before the McClellan sailed, Major Clendenin was stricken down with the fever.

He said nothing to his daughters about it, in the fear that they might refuse to leave him. But until the ship had sailed on the next day out from Santiago Helen did not learn that her father was ill. On that day Major Clendenin became ill. The ship's surgeon would not let him, but he had yellow fever, and so she had. In spite of the protests of Ella Clendenin she was not allowed to nurse her sister. But she was allowed to sit near the door of her cabin and talk to her. Through the voyage she scarcely left her post. The other passengers formed watches and took turns in keeping by the lonely girl.

Dr. Doty, when he boarded the McClellan at Quarantine, was told of the condition of affairs on board.

"Miss Clendenin?" he said. "Is she the daughter of Major Clendenin, who died in Santiago?"

"S-s-h!" said Captain Brickley. "They do not know."

And so, when Helen Clendenin was taken off the McClellan and transferred to Swinburne Island she was told that her father was well. Ella Clendenin insisted that she be allowed to nurse her sister.

"If papa should have to hear that she was nursed by strangers," said the brave girl, "he would not like it."

Down to Swinburne Island went Ella Clendenin. Night and day she watched at the bedside of her stricken sister, and not until Dr. Doty absolutely insisted that she should relax her vigilance did she consent to take a protracted rest. Thanks to the strong constitution of Miss Helen and the excellent treatment she has received, both aboard ship and on the island, she is now on the road to complete recovery.

It was pathetic to hear these two brave army girls talk of their father. Both were overjoyed in the false belief that he survived his illness and is again the strong, courageous worker they have known from childhood.

"In the course of my service as Health Officer," said Dr. Doty, "I have had many unpleasant duties to perform. I would willingly have gone through all of them in succession rather than to have told those two brave girls the truth."

Spread of Louisiana Cattle Disease.

For some weeks past the cattle in various parts of Louisiana have been seriously attacked by the malignant disease charbon, and serious loss has been sustained in both cattle and mules. It now appears that the malady has attacked deer, rabbits and other four-footed game, and remarkable reports are coming in to New Orleans from the country districts regarding the new spread of the disease.

A Fatal Fire in New York City.

An early morning fire caused the death of a child and injury to twelve other persons in a five-story brick tenement in New York City a few days ago. The dead child is Rachel Silver, six years old, who succumbed to her injuries at Gouverneur Hospital. Four of the other victims were seriously hurt, but they will recover.

Office Declined by an Alabama Negro.

President McKinley appointed Jack Bishop, a negro, to be Postmaster at White Oak, a village in eastern Alabama, a few days ago. Bishop knew that his acceptance would breed trouble, and promptly declined the appointment. He had not applied for the place.

The New Golf Champion.

Herbert M. Harriman, of the Meadow Brook Golf Club of Hempstead, L. I., won the amateur golf championship of America at Lake Forest, Ill., from Findlay S. Douglas, who won the title of champion last year. The final score was three up and two to play. For the first time since amateur golf championship tournaments have been held in America, an American-born golfer holds the position of honor.

Wood's Campaign Against Yellow Fever.

General Leonard Wood has returned to Santiago, Cuba, and is taking steps to stamp out fellow fever.

Scarlet Fever in West Point.

A disease showing strong symptoms of scarlet fever, has broken out in West Point, N. Y. Several of the cadets have been attacked by the malady. All the physicians of the post are in a tendance on the patients, and every possible precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Queensland Offers Military Aid.

The Government of Queensland has cabled to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, London, offering 250 mounted infantry, with a machine gun, for service in South Africa in case of hostilities between Great Britain and the Transvaal.

MANY CASES OF LOCKJAW

Eleven Deaths in New York City and in Nearby Towns.

All of the Fatalities Due to Pistol Accidents in Celebrating Independence Day —Antitoxin Serum Does Not Cure.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Two boys died of lockjaw a few days ago in the Bronx, and according to the physicians of the different hospitals there will be more deaths from the same cause in the next few weeks. Another death occurred in Roosevelt Hospital. The two deaths in the Bronx were those of John Indorf, thirteen years old, and Oscar Estaumberger, ten years old. Young Indorf in firing a toy pistol on the Fourth was injured by a blank cartridge in the palm of his left hand. His wound was dressed in a drug store, but that night he felt pain in his neck and the family physician discovered symptoms of lockjaw.

Oscar Estaumberger got into a scuffle with some other boys in a vacant lot near his home. A toy pistol was discharged in his right hand in the scuffle and symptoms of lockjaw rapidly developed. He died five hours after Indorf.

Patrick McLaughlin, nineteen years, died of lockjaw in Roosevelt Hospital. A blank cartridge in a pistol exploded in his hand on the Fourth, tearing a ragged hole. The wound was dressed in Roosevelt Hospital, but lockjaw developed. The patient had been treated with antitoxin.

SARATOGA, N. Y. (Special).—Edgar T. Brackett, Jr., aged ten years, oldest son of Senator Brackett, died of lockjaw resulting from an injury received on the Fourth of July through a toy pistol's discharge.

ELIZABETH, N. J. (Special).—Horace L. Lenher, the thirteen-year-old son of Walter L. Lenher, died of lockjaw. While celebrating the Fourth of July he burned the second finger and palm of his left hand by the discharge of a blank cartridge pistol.

MONTCLAIR, N. J. (Special).—Harold S. Clark, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clark, of Bloomfield, died of lockjaw at the Mountainside Hospital. He was fourteen years old. On the Fourth of July the wad of a blank cartridge from a toy pistol entered the palm of his right hand. Little was thought of the wound until a few days later when the boy felt pains in his head. Dr. Charles Bailey then examined him and found that tetanus had developed.

PATERSON, N. J. (Special).—Joseph A. Grotsky, a Justice of the Peace and law student of Passaic, died in the general hospital of lockjaw, resulting from blood poisoning brought on by a wound in the hand received on the night of July 3. His injury was received while he was loading a blank cartridge pistol, the charge entering the palm of his hand.

PITTSBURG, Penn. (Special).—Hugh Savage, seventeen years old, died of lockjaw, caused by a wound from a toy pistol on the Fourth of July. Wilbur Lind

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

"Knotty" History.

Tying knots in a handkerchief to jog one's memory had its origin in China thousands of years ago. Before writing was invented in that country, which did not happen until 3000 B. C., memorable and important events were recorded by long knotted cords. The most ancient history of China is still preserved as told by these knots.

When Emperor Tschang Ki invented writing, the entire system of "knotting" was abandoned. And today the memory knots made by us in handkerchiefs are the only surviving descendants of that ancient custom.

Taking the Cowboy's Picture.

"Now," said the border photographer, pulling his gun and leveling it across the camera at the man in the chair, "will you have the kindness to look pleasant?"

Much amused by the cheek and the cool nerve of the request thus conveyed, the bold cowboy smiled broadly, and at that instant the border photographer pressed the button.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Danger Signals!

Do you take cold with every change in the weather? Does your throat feel raw? And do sharp pains dart through your chest?

Don't you know these are danger signals which point to pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption itself?

If you are ailing and have lost flesh lately, they are certainly danger signals. The question for you to decide is, "Have I the vitality to throw off these diseases?"

Don't wait to try SCOTT'S EMULSION "as a last resort." There is no remedy equal to it for fortifying the system. Prevention is easy.

Scott's Emulsion

prevents consumption and hosts of other diseases which attack the weak and those with poor blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the one standard remedy for inflamed throats and lungs, for colds, bronchitis and consumption. It is a food medicine of remarkable power. A food, because it nourishes the body; and a medicine, because it corrects diseased conditions.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer teamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, Oriental, Ocracoke and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time han by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
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At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY. NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

☞ Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

☞ All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE GREAT UNSATISFIED.

Philosophers tell us that wealth is not everything, but the mere statement is not enough. There must be proof, and the daily history of the world furnishes this in abundance. The yearning of the rich for something beside and beyond dollars is illustrated by the appeals of those who are surfeited with money and yet are not satisfied. You find their calls for help in the "personal" columns of the great journals of the cities. Here are a few taken from a recent issue of one of these papers:

"American widow (34), pleasing appearance, charming manners, $5000 annual income, seeks trustworthy husband."

Perhaps $5000 a year isn't really burdensome wealth, but "there are others." Here is a sad widow She has more years and a heap more money, too!

"Beautiful widow, (43), $18,000 annually, would marry honorable business man and home lover."

As luck runs a "business man" is also searching for other consolation than checks and coupons and possibly by this time there is a happy home where the income is $78,000 and all is joy and gratitude to the newspapers. He announced:

"Business man, 48, $60,000 annually, would appreciate and adore loving wife."

He does not say whose "loving wife" he wants, but, no doubt, would compromise on a widow who could make out a good case.

And these are only a few out of columns. "What fools these mortals be!"

MADE A MISTAYE

It is said that two-thirds of the men who went to the Klondike region in 1898 returned empty handed. These persons could doubtless have done better if they had gone into the mining localities in the United States. The fact that Colorado, California, Montana, South Dakota and the rest of the States in which gold mining is going on are increasing their yield constantly is an evidence that Americans need not go outside of their own country to reach gold regions of great promise.

When the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association was organized in 1896 the total crop of berries shipped from all points within the territory of the Association was 113,000 crates. The increase of production has been wonderful; the crop amounting in 1897 to 165,000 crates; in 1898 to more than 300,000 crates.

Some of the unfortunates in Texas compelled to take refuge on high ground are not only surrounded by the flood and cut off from food, but are compelled to fight snakes and skunks that have congregated in the same places to escape drowning. The horrors of the situation amount to an inferno.

In the naval battles of Manilla Bay and Santiago the American fleets, according to official reports, had but a slight superiority in the number of sailors engaged. Dewey commanded 1743 men and Montojo 1724. At Santiago the were 2400 men on the American ships and 2125 on the Spanish.

Dr. George T. Winston, who for a number of years was President of our State University and is now President of the Texas University, has been elected President of the North Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical College. Dr. Winston is welcomed back to the Old North State.

The North Carolina Bar Association at its first annual meeting at Morehead elected as officers for the ensuing year: President, Charles F. Warren; Cyrus B. Watson, Secretary and Treasurer, and Thomas G. Skinnerone of the Vice Presidents.

Since last August at Manila 141 vessels have been transferred from Spanish, German and British subjects to Americans. The business world is satisfied that Uncle Sam has no idea of running away from the Philippines.

Democrats are talking free trade again in a sneaking way. They say it is the first step to to get rid of the trusts, which is a characteristic specimen of crooked and impotent politics.

If farmers would give to their farms the same business care, the same enthusiasm that a successful business man gives to his business they would prosper as the successful business man does.

Commissioner Wilson, of the Internal Revenue, has issued a circular absolutely prohibiting bank from affixing stamps to checks unstamped when presented and requiring them to return the same to the drawers.

YOUNG MEN IN POLITICS.

Instead of advising our young men as they enter upon the active stage of affairs to ignore politics—to give it the goby—the CAROLINIAN holds that they should be encouraged to study and interest themselves in politics in the proper meaning of the term. It isn't politics proper that has a bad name. It is because so many shifty adventurers drift into it that the word has acquired its shady significence. The fact is discreditable to everybody. The opportunity of such persons is all found in the neglect of their betters.

If the young men were encouraged to study politics, to interest and prepare themselves for its burdens and responsibilities, the whole tone would change. The truth is, there is nothing wrong about politics. There is nothing discreditable in undertaking the duties of citizenship in a Republic. Politics is simply the management of our affairs. They must be managed, and the better this is done the better for the country.

We repeat, let our yonng men be made to realize their full duty as citizens, to be heard and felt in caucuses and nominating conventions and use their influence to prevent unfit men from representing the precinct. Let them be made to feel that it is a public duty; and the result will be the nominating and election of the best men to public offices.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them; also old running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains, best pile cure on earth, drives out pains and aches. Only 25cts a box Cure guaranteed. Sold by Alex Wadsworth, druggist.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, July 14, 1899.

President McKinley has about completed the selection of officers for the new regiments of volunteers, and he is receiving many compliments for having stuck to his plan of giving those commissions only to men whose military experience fit them to properly fill the positions. Not a single commission has gone to a man without military experience.

Secretary Alger and Mrs. Alger left Washington today to spend a couple of days with the Vice President and Mrs. Hobart. Before leaving he said of the last newspaper attempt to retire him from the cabinet: "I shall not resign this year certainly, and cannot say as to the future My private business and the state of my health will govern my future course. Nothing that I have ever heard of or know of has been so cruel as these attacks upon me. If my critics can point to one thing in my official career I have done that I ought not to have done, or where I have not done what I ought to have done, I shall be very glad to surrender my present official duties."

Capt. John D. Alves, of North Carolina, now in Washington, said of politics in his State: "If the Republican party in North Carolina would make the proper fight in the coming campaign solely on an honest Republican platform, giving the gold standard and protection planks the prominence to which they are entitled, the chances of victory would be reasonably sure. McKinley's policy is popular with the milling, banking, railroad, moneyed and progressive element, and prosperity is a more important issue now in the South than effete party lines."

Attorney General Griggs has gone to New Jersey for a short vacation, which he has earned by a great deal of hard work, made necessary by the many knotty law points, brought up in connection with the results of the war with Spain.

It was in a Washington hotel. A Democrat was regailing a crowd with stories indicating his belief that the Democrats had a show to carry Ohio this year. After awhile a quiet gentleman, who is prominent Ohio buisness man, quietly remarked: "I see that you don't know. The Democrats have no chance of carrying the State, no matter what sort of a ticket they put up. I have been in more than half the counties of the State during the past four months and have taken especial care to get the drift of public sentiment. The dissensions within the Republican party are neither so widespread nor so serious as the Democrats think, as they do not extend to the mass of voters. Some individuals are sore, but they will not affect results. The State will go Republican by about the usual majority, although a big vote for an off year is likely to be polled. In Judge Nash the Republicans have a candidate who does the party credit. He is an amiable man, and yet has the nerve to meet any situation."

This government will not pay damages on account of the detention of passengers, or their sickness, on the vessels seized during the Cuban blockade. Such in effect was the reply made by Secretary Hay to the French Ambassador who had filed a claim for $10,000 on behalf of a French passenger on one of the French steamers captured and held until released by a decision of the Admiralty Court. It was considered as mere an incident of the war.

One of the first things done by a stranger visiting Albany, says the Philadelphia Call, is to pay 25 cents and put himself at the mercy of a capitol guide. The guide makes a profound and obsequious bow, like a prestidigitator about to charm an audience, and proceeds to lift the veil which hides the mysteries of the great building.

On a recent occasion the guide led the stranger regretfully past "McGinty's" empty frame and proceeded to identify the heads of notables that decorate the stairway. He did fairly well until the stranger pointed out Shakespeare and Homer and asked who they were.

"Them," replied the guide, undaunted, "are the heads of two politicians whose names I disremember."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

RACE UP A MOUNTAIN

A KANAKA RUNNER DISTANCED HALF A DOZEN HORSES.

It Was a Terrific Test of Endurance, and the Sturdy Subject of Kalakaua Won Easily, Though Two of the Horses Dropped Dead.

"Did any of you ever hear of a 35 mile steeplechase for man and beast?" inquired one of the California men in a party of turf followers when stories of queer bets and long shots were going around. "Well, there was an affair of that kind down in the Hawaiian bunch in the fall of 1883, when that genial chile concarne proposition, Kalakaua, was king of the islands. There were no telephones joining the islands then, and state messages and mandates were carried by the interisland steamers and delivered by Kanaka runners. These runners could gallop all day, like American Indians in retreat or on the trail, and they didn't know what getting winded or tired meant.

"Kalakaua thought a good deal of these runners of his. He always maintained that they could go faster and farther than horses over the rough Hawaiian country. In this he was disputed by a number of the white attaches of his court. Kalakaua wagered $5,000 in gobs of $1,000 with five of them that he would pick out a runner from among his Kanakas who'd get from Hilo to the top of the burning lake of Kilauea, a distance of 35 miles, quicker than any horse and any rider could do the trip. They snapped the king up at even money. It looked as if they had the good end of it. The king and a big party from Honolulu sailed in one of the interisland steamers to Hilo, on the main island of Hawaii, to see the finish.

"The king picked out a huge, lithe, sinewy Kanaka, a man about 30 years old, who had been employed as a runner on the island of Maui for a number of years, to try the trick for him. Eight Kanakas made the start a-horseback, on native ponies, bred away back from western cayuses—strong, sure footed, nippy tempered little demons, thoroughly used to the bad roads and the climbing. The king and his party had gone up to the Volcano House, at the top of Kilauea, in coaches the day before to be on hand to greet the winner.

"Now, I understand that that road from Hilo up to the burning lake of Kilauea has been improved since the time I'm speaking of, but it surely was a bad trail then. It was only wide enough for one wagon, and it was about a 45 degree affair in the climb all the way up. The palms that lined the road used to get blown across the trail by the score in big windstorms, and the coach drivers counted it a part of their business to jump from their seats every time they came to these obstructions and shoulder them out of the way. This work had all been attended to carefully, however, in advance of the race by order of Kalakaua, and it loked like a pipe for the cayuses, all of which had made the run up many a time.

"Kalakaua didn't ask for any handicap allowance for his man. The runner toed the scratch with the horses, and they got off together at the crack of the gun. The horses distanced the runner from the jump, and he let them distance him. He was dressed in a G string, and he just took up a steady lope and let the cayuses get out of his sight. For ten miles the cayuses were so far above him on the trail that he couldn't even see them, but this Kanaka knew how to wait. The horses began to come back to the runner long before the Half Way House was reached, and the Kanaka was just galloping along at the beginning of the third hour with the same big stride he had started in with, his arms up and shooting out in front of him like soldiers on the double time drill. There wasn't a pant in him when he fetched up at the Half Way House. He stooped down there to a spring beside the road and took a couple mouthfuls of water. The cayuses were up ahead a bit, blowing their heads off, for they had been going at a clip that they had never been pushed to before.

"The Kanaka headed the bunch a mile beyond the Half Way House, and it was a big romp for him the rest of the distance. He took a position for the remaining 17 miles of the journey about a city block ahead of the writhing and panting horses, and he just stuck to his lope like a man wound up. He never let 'em get nearer than a block to him for the remaining three hours of the trip, looking back at them with a grin once in awhile. When only three miles yet remained before the Volcano House was to be reached, the Kanaka took another drink out of a spring and began to draw away. The Kanaka riders whipped and spurred their horses, but it was no good. The Kanaka runner disappeared out of their sight on the tortuous trail, and when six of the cayuses pulled up at the hotel veranda about three-quarters of an hour later the runner was sitting on the steps, fanning himself and drinking saki. Two of the horses had dropped dead in their final effort.

"The Kanaka made the 35 mile trip over sticks and stones on a miry road in 6 hours and 40 minutes, and he looked fit to run for his life when he got through. When I was reading about the young fellows who did the long distance running in those Olympian games in Greece some years ago, it struck me that any one of Dave Kalakaua's runners could have made the whole bunch look like aluminium dollars."—Washington Post.

When you are particularly busy is the hour to expect a call from the man who uses ten words where one would do.—Atchison Globe.

Extremes.

Cham, the French caricaturist, was talking one day with a Gascon, who bragged that his father's ancient baronial dining hall was the wonder of the world. It was so high you could hardly see the roof.

"My father had a dining room," said Cham, "which was just as remarkable the other way. It was so low that the only fish we could serve at table was sole!"

No Rights to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate the stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smoot, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run-down invalid. Only 50 cents at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

Look in Your Mirror

Do you see sparkling eyes, a healthy, clear skin, a sweet expression and a graceful form? These attractions are the result of good health. If they are absent, there is nearly always some disorder of the distinctly feminine organs present. Healthy menstrual organs mean health and beauty everywhere.

McELREE'S

Wine of Cardui

makes women beautiful and healthy. It strikes at the root of all their trouble. There is no menstrual disorder, ache or pain which it will not cure. It is for the budding girl, the busy wife and the matron approaching the change of life. At every trying crisis in a woman's life it brings health, strength and happiness. It costs $1.00 of medicine dealers.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

MRS. ROZENA LEWIS, of Oenaville, Texas, says:—"I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pains in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

THE ONLY WAY.

Because I've been unhappy all the day
I call to you a little in the night
Quite softly, so I should not hurt your rest,
And not with any cry of sorrow, lest
My darkness should break in upon your light.

Yet I call sadly, for my heart is sad—
But then I think you are so far away,
So very far that as my voice draws near
The sorrow will be lost, and you will hear
Just murmurings, not the sad things that I say.

I speak so softly, yet I long, I long
To let my heart forth, tell you all my pain!
And now the passionate tears begin to flow,
And sobs come—nay, sorrow's too strong, and so
The only way is to be quiet again.

—From G. Calmore's "Points of View, and Other Poems."

HER UP TO DATE ALBUM.

The Chicago Girl's Travels Recorded by Photographs of Herself.

The Chicago girl that knows her business—and where is there one who doesn't?—has an album or card case devoted exclusively to a collection of pictures of the one person whom she thinks more of than anybody else in the world—namely, herself. There are several laws regulating the collection of a personal gallery of this kind. In the first place, no two pictures shall be alike; what is equally important, no two shall be taken in the same town. From a glimpse at this second condition, it is obvious that the young woman who has a popular collection of her own photographs must be something of a traveler.

In order to give added interest to this pursuit of herself in miniature, each photograph is stamped in violet ink, with the name of the town where taken, the name of the artist and the date of the sitting. There are also margins for recording any other incidents connected with the occasion that may be considered worthy of note.

In this way the business of photograph collecting is kept on a systematic, methodical basis, and the book of photographs becomes an abridged biographical history of travels in an indefinite number of chapters. It is evident that the more pictures it contains the more comprehensive will be the text, hence the ambition of every young woman possessed with the craze to become a globe trotter.

There are a few standard towns that are absolutely necessary to the reputation of any album, such as Chicago, New York, Niagara and the prominent intermediate points. Beyond these, the more distant and romantic the places the greater the interest attached to these pictorial histories of the world as seen through a maiden's eyes. —Chicago Times-Herald.

His Life was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Hanibal, Mo., lately had a woneful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with Typhoid Fever, that ran into Pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now I am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise.' This marvelous medicine is the sure estand quickest cure in the world for all Throat and Lung Trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at A Wadsworth's drug store; every bottle guaranteed

Didn't Stammer All the Time.

An electrical engineer who stutters once endeavored to be cured of the habit, and for that purpose went to an institution near Boston. The manager, questioning him, asked:

"Do you stammer all the time?"

"Nun-nun-nun-no, sir; o-o-o-only whn-whn-whn-when I t-t-t-talk, sir."—Electrical Review.

Diamonds may be black as well as white, and some are blue, red, yellow, green, pink and orange, but there is no violet diamond, although, in addition to amethysts, there are sapphires, rubies and garnets of that color.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want quick results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y

In India elephants over 12 and up to 45 years of age are deemed the best to purchase and will generally work well until they are 80 years old.

Australia, it is estimated, is capable of supporting at least 100,000,000 inhabitants.

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Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take; try them. Only 25cts. Money back if not cured Sold by A. Wadsworth druggist.

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We believe in doing FIAR SQUARE things to everybody; no better rule than this. It is the principal

THAT FLOATS FROM THE FLAG-STAFF of our business; the principle that is interwoven through every thread of our business fabric, its the principle that wins. We will take our chances for reward on our fidelity to this rule and rock bottom prices to all. Wholesale and Retail, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Oil Clothing, Gum Boots Notions &c., &c.

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A $40.00 Bicycle Given Away Daily.

The publishers of the The New York Star, the handsomely illustrated Sunday newspaper, are giving a high grade Bicycle each day for the largest list of the words made by using the letters contained in

"T-H-E N-E-W Y-O-R-K S-T-A-R"

no more times in any one word than it is found in The New York Star. Webster's Dictionary to be considered as authority. Two Good Watches (first-class time-keepers) will be given daily for second and third best lists, including Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, China, Sterling Silverware, etc., etc., in order of merit. This educational contest is being given to advertise and introduce this successful weekly into new homes, and all prizes will be awarded promptly without partiality. Twelve 2 cent stamps be inclosed for thirteen weeks trial subscription with full particulars and list of over 300 valuable rewards. Contest opens and awards commence Monday, June 26th, and closes Monday, August 21st, 1899. Your list can reach us any day between these dates, and will receive the award to which it may be entitled for that day, and your name will be printed in the following issue of The New York Stark. Only one list can be entered by the same person. Prizes are on exhibition at The Stars business offices. Persons securing bicycle may have choice of Ladies' Gentlemeg's or Juveniles' 1899 model, color, color or size,cesired. Call or address Dept. "E," The New York Star, 286 W. 39th street, New York City.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE co-partnership between the undersigned in Grocery trade under the firm name of Berry & Bliven has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by C. F. Bliven at the same stand to whom all persons owing said firm will make immediate settlement.

R. W. BERRY,
C. F. BLIVEN.

Eliz. City, June 22d, 1899.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Mary J. White I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement; and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

J. Q. A. WOOD,
Administrator.

June 12th, 1899.

Open July 1, 1899

For Novelty of Scenery and Entirely New Experience in Seashore Life this Old-Time Resort Surpasses Them All.

Nags Head HOTEL

ON THE

NORTH CAROLINA COAST

DRIVING, BOATING,

SAILING & FISHING

Unsurpassed.

The Steamer NEWBERNE leaves Elizabeth City daily, except Sunday at 3:00, p. m. Arrive at Nags Head, 7:30, p. m. Returning, leaves Nags Head at 6:30 a. m., connecting at Elizabeth City with South and North-bound trains.

NOTICE! Steamer will make a special trip every Sunday. Leaves Elizabeth City at 8, a. m. Returning, leaves Nags Head at 7:30, p. m.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS 75c

Children 40 cents. No steamer will leave Nags Head Monday morning.

EXCURSIONS

Steamer for charter every Tuesday. Charter $100.00. Apply to M. H. Snowden, N. S. R. R. C. W. Morris, the well-known liveryman, will conduct a first-class livery during the season. The services of Dr. A. L. Pendleton has been secured for the season.

All boats stopping at the wharf from Elizabeth City, carrying freight or passengers, will be charged $25 for each and every time they land

All wharfage will be collected in advance.

C. W. & F. M. GRICE,
Proprietors.

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REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

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.....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

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.....CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous health, making their action easy and natural.

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.....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A cathartic action by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

.....CASCARETS are relished by the children. They taste good and do good. They are a gentle cure for worms, as they kill and carry off worms and all irritating matter that lives in the bowels of the growing child.

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.....CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or your purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

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.....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect health. Don't risk delay.

☞ Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior.

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Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

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The New York Tribune offers to the public a newspaper which is absolutely representative of the best opinion of the best opinion of the Republican party on all issues. It is dignified, strong complete and patriotic.

The Daily Tribune is $10 a year. The Weekly, $1, but can be obtained in conjunction with various local papers on more advantageous term. The Semi-Weekly is $2 a year.

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The Semi-Weekly Tribune, printed Tuesdays and Fridays, is one of the best general newspapers in the country for a wide-awake farmer, professional man, merchant, manufacturer or mechanic. It saves the necessity of buying other newspapers. It supplements admirably a local daily; many people take it in place of one.

The agricultural page will contain this year, in addition to regular features, a weather review, many descriptions of the actual results obtained on small farms, and other matters of particular use to gardeners, fruit-growers, farmers, dairymen and live-stock raisers

STORIES OF THE WAR WITH SPAIN.

During each week the reader will find a column of "Questions and Answers," letters from correspondents in London and Paris; some good games of checkers; a series of thrilling stories of actual experiences in the war with Spain, written by soldiers and sailors.

PICTORIAL SUPPLEMENT.

With Friday's number there is an Illustrated Supplement, 20 to 24 pages, printed on specially fine paper, full of delightful reading, enlivened with from thirty to fifty half-tone or other pictures. Sample copies of Friday's issue will be sent free on application The Supplement contains two pages of humor, book reviews; short stories; dramatic and musical criticisms; the fine work of great architects and artists letters from abroad; and in fact, the whole range of higher topics in which intelligent men and women are deeply interested. The Supplement is the cream of the whole week's work in The Tribune Office.

CLUBS.

Any reader who may find it convenient to raise a club of subscribers for The Semi-Weekly Tribune is invited to do so, and to send to this office for sample copies, etc.

THE TRIBUNE.

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The State Normal and Industrial College of North Carolina.

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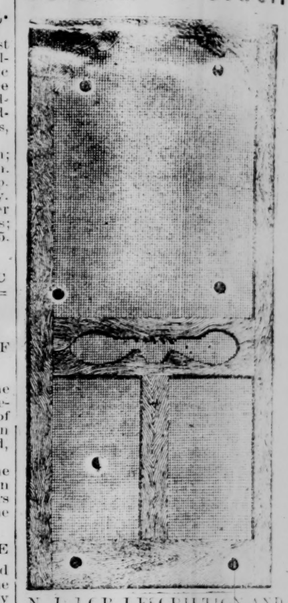

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Many people differ as to the best way to ride a Bicycle, though all admit the CRAWFORD is the best Bicycle to ride. Its many riders pronounce it the most desirable wheel on the market. Call and examine its merits and don't miss

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Cut this out and return to us with $1.00 (bank check, money order or currency) and we'll send the following postage prepaid:
VERMONT FARM JOURNAL 1 Yr.
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Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church sts.

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Colored—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch Lake Pierce, pastor St. Philip, W. J. Heritage Rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor

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Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W Brothers, jr. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; R. F. Spencer, Treas.; D. B. Bradford Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and T. J. Jordan, Steward; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; R. H. Commander, N. G.; Clay Norcum, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'Try; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.

Tabula Encampment No. 8; D. M. Simons, C. P.; T. M Gard, H. P.; N Garrett, S. W.; J F Simpson, J W; H O Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C Conrkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Lane, sr., Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. F. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S. L. Sheep; Board of Education: John D. Palmer, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

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W. H. KEATON, Prop.,
Main Street, Near Water
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, July 20, 1899.

In Union there is strength.

Let all pull together for Public Improvement.

Pasquotank Court is being held here this week, Judge Henry R. Starbuck, of the Ninth District, presiding. He is making a fine impression as a lawyer and Judge. The Court will probably occupy the entire week.

To several inquirers we reply: The name of the Supervisor of the Census of this District is Wheeler Martin, esq. His address is Williamston, N. C. The Enumerators will not be appointed until next Spring. Applications must be made to him.

At the meeting af the I. O. O. F. on Thursday night the following newly elected officers were installed by H. O. Hill, D. D. G. M., of Achoree Lodge: Clay Foreman, N. G., W Zoeller, Q. G.; H. O. Hill, Secretary G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Our townsman Mr. James W Graves, who has for a number of years been Mail Agent on the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, and made a fine record, has been transferred to the Bay Line between Norfolk and Baltimore.

We visited the Colored Teachers' Institute here, which closes today. It has been a success beyond expectation, and will be productive of great good. Prof. Moore is to be congratulated, as it is largely the result of his wise management and earnest work. He ranks among the foremost educators of his race in this State.

The Laundry Building of the Nags Head Hotel caught fire from a defective flue on Friday last and was burned to the ground. The efficient improvised "Bucket Brigade" kept the Hotel out of danger. As the burnt building, located on the North side of the East wing of the Hotel, obstructed the breezes from that quarter, its removal will prove a benefit.

In the death of Mr. James D. Weymouth, which occurred at his residence on corner of Road and Burgess streets on Thursday afternoon, Elizabeth City loses another prominent and worthy citizen. He had been in failing health for several years. His age was 59 years. He was highly esteemed by all who knew him. The CAROLINIAN sincerely condoles with the bereaved family.

While at work on the new house of Mr. W. M. Baxter at the head of Church street on Saturday last, Mr. Otis Bramble caught a Carrier Pigion. It had a band on its leg, to which was a message stating that it was released at Knott's Island on the 12th inst. and that it was the property of the U. S. Navy, belonging to the yard at Norfolk. Mr. Bramble at once wrote the officers for information what to do with the bird.

That the financial credit of Elizabeth City is "gilt edge" is evidenced by the fact that the Street Improvement Bonds were sold at 4 per cent. premium. The successful bidders were Stafford & Co., of Nashville, Tenn. They took the entire $20,000 offered for sale. They are to pay expenses of printing the Bonds. These bonds run from one to twenty years at 5 per cent. interest payable semi-annually. The next highest bidder was the First National Bank, of this city. The balance, $10,000, will not be offered for sale until needed.

While at Nag's Head last week we, with several others, accepted an invitation from Mr. James Woodard of Edenton, to take a sail to Manteo on his elegant little launch "Mamie." It was an enjoyable trip. While at Manteo we called on several of our friends, and took a stroll noticing the improvements made and in progress since our last visit a little over a year ago. Evidently Manteo is joining the "procession." A large Hotel, 112 feet frontage and 75 feet width, with 40 rooms, is in course of erection by Mr. R. C. Evans. It will be under the management of Mr. R. C. Gould, of Chatham, Mass., an up-to-date hotel man.

We have returned from a ten days' sojourn at Nags Head and find that we are benefited. We stopped at the Hotel and were royally entertained, as are all who go there. The management is perfect, the rooms pleasant, beds comfortable, table supplied with a good variety of appetising eatables and waiters attentive. For real comfort, rest and pleasure it is a splendid Summer Resort. The bathing in Sound and Ocean is safe and superb. The fishining, boating hunting and driving are not excelled on the coast. We advise all who can to go and spend some time there. It will do them good. The terms are very moderate. Dr. A. L. Pendelton, a good physician, is at the Hotel and will remain during the season.

The Music at Nag's Head is by an expert Band. It is fine.

We are glad to be able to publish continued good reports in relation to the crops.

Many a man by avoiding scraping acquaintances misses lots of scrapes acquaintances gets a man into.

The wise man turns up his sleeves and goes to work, while the fool sits around and waits for work to come to him.

To cleanse a bottle, cut up a potato and pour vinegar over the pieces. Put this mixture in the bottle and shake well. When clean rinse with fresh water.

Uncle Bill, a greatly embarrassed man, will often have the nerve to propose to a rich girl in order to regain his financial standing.

The State Guard is now in Camp at Morehead City. Several of "our boys" are there, among them Harry Grandy and Wood Jordan, who joined the Military Company at Hertford; and Will Wood and Gaston G. Bell, both of whom joined the Edenton Company, the former as Adjutant on Maj. Bond's staff and the latter as Major of the Regiment.

The Cttizens' Bank opened its doors for business on the 5th inst. with M. R. Griffin, cashier, Charles Guirkin, book-keeper, and Charles Grice, jr., collector. The building is the handsomest in the city. Its architecture and finish, external and internal, are attractive, ornate and in every way first-class. We learn that its business prospects are decidedly satisfactory.

State pride, we think, should influence us to patronize our own Institutions, and Littleton Female College, an advertisement of which we print in this issue, is one of the very best and most successful of those schools. It already has a liberal patronage from this section which will doubtless be greatly increased at an early day. This institution is perhaps the cheapest high gride colleges in the State.

Capt. Wm. Astor Chandler, Congressman from New York, is the president of the New York Star, which is giving away a Forty Dollar Bicycle daily, as offered by their advertisement in another column. Hon. Amos J. Cummings, M. C., Col. Asa Bird Gardner, District Attorney of New York, ex-Gov. Hogg, of Texas, and Col. Fred. Feigl, of New York, are among the well known names in their Board of Directors.

The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of egant styles.

For some time Mr. I. H. Hetrick, residing on Ehringhaus street, was disturbed and frightened at night by mysterious noises in a certain room of the house. The Chief of Police was applied to, who had the premises guarded. On Thursday night it resulted in the arrest of his son John as the guilty party. He was arraigned before Mayor Wilson for disturbing the peace, as the neighbors also began to complain. He was found guilty and fined $25 and costs. An appeal was taken and the defendant placed under $100 bond.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this monring at 5:00 and will set to-night at 7:11.—The family of Mr. J. B. Flora are at Nags Head.—Behaviour is a mirror in which every one displays his image.—Mrs. D. A. Morgan and Miss Katharine Engle are off on a trip to Washington, D. C. and Mountain Lake Park, Md.—Torn carpets are always ready to trio the light fantastic toe.—Ground has been broken for two new brick stores on Flora's lot on Poindexter street.—The Sunday excursions to Nags Head on the Newbern are becoming popular.—If a man is worth knowing at all he is worth knowing well.—Mrs Helen Simons, of Newbern, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Lamb, on Burgess street.—Lie is not so short but there is always time enough for courtesy.—Misses Kate L. Moore and Mamie E. Raynor, of Washington, N. C., are the guests of Miss Minnie Parker on Ehringhause street.—The Rhymster thus speaks of what he calls the straw season:

The summer days 're now upon us,
And furnish fair good cause
For all the thirsty drinking men
To make a grasp at straws,

—The Wag says that as soon as a courtship drops into the sea of matrimony it is likely to encounter little squalls and spanking breezes. He adds: "stormy times may be expected."—Dr. E. F. Martin has moved his Dental office into the Citizens' Bank Building on the corner of Fearing and Poindexter streets.—About the worst enemy a woman has is flattery.—Fine watermelons and canteloups in market.—Miss Sophia Wood, of Edenton, has been on a visit to relatives here.—When a doctor pays visits he expects visits to pay him.—Whats the "ruction" in the local Democratic camp?—The poor dog has his summer pants on now.—Don't call your best girl a peach. Peaches have hearts of stone.—The Quiet Observer reports:

A young man down on the Beach
Committed a theft. It was this:
He was alone with his girl,
And with boldness stole a kiss.

—Mr. Charles Grandy, now of New York City, has been here on a visit to his parents Mr. and Mrs. N. G. Grandy, on West Main street.—"Do you believe that men show character in the way they carry their umbrellas?" a certain gentleman was asked. "No; but they show lack of character in the way they carry other people' umbrellas," was the reply.—Mrs. Tennie Burker, of Baltimore, who has been visiting Mrs. A. Huckabee, on Ehringhause street, has left to visit friends at Edenton.—All things seem easy to the man who never tries to do anything.—Writes the Versifier:

"What is a woman's weapon?"
A girl was asked one day.
She turned upon him musingly
And gave her wits full play.
"'Tis called a pout, a smile, a tear—
But measured by my plan,
The weapon that a woman needs
Depends upon the man."

—Fine sense and exalted sense are not half so useful as common sense.—P. H. Williams and Percy McMullan, Attorneys at Law, have moved their Law offices into the Citizens' Bank Building.—Long sentences never worry a reader as much as they do criminals.—Mr. C. T. Parker, a successful farmer of Salem, called on Saturday and paid his respects. He reports his crop prospects very favorable.—If some people profited by their errors it would keep them busy declaring dividends.—An appreciative patron gives this advise:

Take the CAROLINIAN;
Its the best paper out.
It has all the news
Of your friends round about.
The price is so low
You can take it I know,
And you'll never be sorry
That you have done so.

—More persons are directly interested in good sidewalks than with anything else connected with the streets. Of course the new Board of Aldermen, now about to have the means at hand, will give this matter attention.—Mrs. Dr. J. H. White and children are off on a visit to her parents at Jackson, N. C.—The new city Ordinances are being distributed. One thing may be depended on: they will be enforced.—On Friday night Miss Lizzie Twiddy entertained a party of young people at her home in the Sixth Ward.—Because of long continued ill health, Mr. Alex. Wadsworth has sold his Drug Store on Road street to Dr. C. J. Sawyer, late of Camden. Mr. and Mrs. Wadsworth left on Saturday to spend some time at Nags Head.—Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Lamb attended the Press Convention at Morehead City last week.—Mr. Copeland, of the Richmond *Times*, who had spent several days at Nags stopped over here on his return the other day and called on Mrs. J. P. Overman to obtain information in relation to the sad history of Theodosia Burr. We were glad to make his acquaintace.—Jere Connolly, Post Office Inspector, spent the Sabbath here, and visited the postoffice on Monday. He reports all "O. K."—One of the boats of the Baker Wrecking Company, of Norfolk, has been on Willey's Ways for repairs.—Messrs. N. R. Parker, G. D. B. Pritchard and M. B. Culpepper have been appointed Public School Trustees for Elizabeth City.—Col. Harvey Terry, formerly of this county, but now of Columbus, O., gave us a call this week. He is as full of energy as ever. He is one of the *young* old men.—Maj. J. W. Greene and wife, of Alexandria, Va., are here on their annual visit to their daughter, Mrs. Williams, at the Rectory.—W. S. Mercer, of Cresswell, was in the City this week.—Joshua L. Whedbee, of Hertford, was in the City on Tuesday. He called and gave us a lively chat. "Josh" is a chronic "kicker." He has culled the dictionary for lurid adjectives to characterize the course pursued in Federal appointments.—Mr. John A. Kramer and family leave this week for an "outing" in Michigan.—Mrs W. T. Love, of Washington City, is visiting the family of her uncle M. B. Culpepper, on Ehringhause street.—Dr. Jacob Bright, of Cincinnatti, O., is visiting relatives here

A Pound Cake Free!

A fine Pound Cake and one quart of pure home-made Ice Cream, three flavors, at the Home Bakery, 163 Road street, for 40c, Saturday, July 22d, only; orders left Saturday delivered Sunday. Phone 109.

A Card.

The case in Court between Mr. M. L. Whedbee and myself having been compromised and a non-suit having been entered, I wish to say that the "Card" which I published in the CAROLINIAN on September 7th, 1898, was written in the heat of a political campaign, and in it I did not intend, nor do I intend, directly or indirectly, to charge Mr. Whedbee with any crime of theft.

I. M. MEEKINS.

July 19, 1899.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

MELICK.

MATTINGS.

Straw and Cotton Warps, the largest stock of New Goods in town. Patterns the Choicest and Prices the Lowest.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS.

Good Values in stock and the Dobson line of Samples to select from. You have a Philadelphia Stock at your disposal. We will Cut, Match, Make and Lay your carpets.

WINDOW SHADES

to suit you in Color, Style and Price. A very good one made of Oiled Linen with Fringe, on Spring Roller at 25 cents.

WALL PAPER.

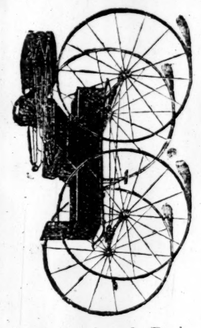
Our stock is large and carefully selected. Prices Guaranteed and comparison desired. Samples sent.

FURNITURE.

We are the Oldest Dealers in town. If you do not know what we can do for you come and see.

MELICK, WATER ST.

The Elizabeth City BUGGY COMPANY,



Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of ***Riding Vehicles,*** Also dealers in Buggy Harness, Whips, and Lap Robes.

Repair Work a Specialty.

76 & 78 Poindexter St.,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Honest Weight and Measure

has brought me success in the Grocery business. Right here let me say that I have purchased the entire interest of my late partner, Mr. Berry, and will continue to fight on the line of

Pure and Fresh Groceries,

and merit your trade by square dealing, pure and fresh goods, polite attention and unselfish profits. I will constantly keep a supply of consisting of

FLOUR, MEAL,
HAMS, BACON.
MACKEREL, AND

a general supply of Butter, Lard, and Cheese.

Molasses, Syrups, Sugar, Jams and and all Kinds of Jellies.

Coffees, Teas, Breakfast Hominy and Sausages in and out of season. It

Is the Best Policy

to always buy the best goods. I also keep Soaps for the Toilet, Kitchen and Laundry; Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars and, in fact, we keep everything kept in a first-class Grocery for general family use. I buy for CASH and therefore can sell at LOW FIGURES. It will be money saved to trade with me Give a call and be convinced.

C. F. Bliven,

MAIN STREET, NEAR WATER.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

VICK'S

Bulbs and Plants have gone to thousands of satisfied customers for a half century and to celebrate the 50th year in business we have issued a Special Golden Wedding Edition of

Vick's Garden and Floral Guide

which is a work of art. It has 24 pages lithographs in colors, 4 pages souvenir, and nearly 100 pages filled with handsome half-tone illustrations of Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Fruits, etc., elegantly bound in white and gold. A marvel in Catalogue making—an authority on all subjects pertaining to the garden, with cash or the same, and a descriptive catalogue of all that is desirable. It is too expensive to give away indiscriminately, but we want everyone interested in good garden to have a copy, therefore we will send

The Guide with a DUE BILL for 25 cents worth of flower and vegetable seeds } 15ct

It tells how credit is given for full amount of purchase to buy other goods.

Vick's Little Gem Catalogue
A perfect little gem of a price list. It is simply the Guide condensed, finely illustrated, and in handy shape for reference. FREE

Vicks Monthly Magazine,
enlarged, improved, and up to date on all subjects relating to Gardening, Horticulture, etc. Regular subscription price 50 cents a year.
Special 1899 offer—the Magazine one year and Vick's Garden and Flora Guide, for 25 cents.

OUR NEW PLAN of selling Vegetable Seeds gives you more for your . . . money than any other seed house in America.

JAMES VICKS SONS
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Browns' Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Browns' Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands to-day foremost among our most valued remedies. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach. Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

Our Colored People

By Special Reporter.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Sunday will be Rally Day at Mt. Lebanon church.

Posters are out announcing another excursion to Nags Head Aug. 8th.

J. B. Bright, of Currituck, is spending this week in the city.

Mrs Mary Sharp, of Edenton, is visiting friends in the community.

Mrs L A Brown has returned home after several weeks spent North.

Prof J W Robinson spent a portion of last week in Plymouth.

Miss Martha Sawyer has returned to her home in Berkley after having spent a few days in our town.

Rev Luke Pierce, of Windsor, is spending this week in our city.

P H Sumner, late editor of "The Eastern Herald," Edenton, is in the city for a few days.

Mrs Martha Mebane, of Windsor, is in the city to visit the family of her son, Hon G A Mebane, on South Road street.

Prof Moore will go to Plymouth next week to assist in conducting a Teachers' Institute to be held there.

The Baptist Sunday School Convention will meet with New Sawyer's Creek Church tomorrow morning. Several of our friends from here will attend.

A "New Era Institute" for Ministers, conducted by Rev C C Somerville, of Reidsville, will open in Olive Branch church next Tuesday.

The pulpits of several of our churches were occupied last Sunday evening by visiting ministers.

Some of our Sunday Schools are making preparations for their annual pic-nics to the delight of the young people.

Prof J W McDonald, principal of the Plymouth State Normal School, was in the city last Friday to lecture before the Teachers' Institute.

The W C T U held a temperance mass meeting at the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon. Interesting remarks were made by several persons present and considerable interest was manifested.

A large crowd went down to Nags Head Tuesday on the excursion and and enjoyed a whiff of the ocean's invigorating breeze. The excursion was under the management of the Hook and Ladder Company.

Among those who have visited and lectured to the Teachers' Institute this week are Dr. P. John, Prof. W. M. Hinton, Rev. F. H. Johnson (white), Rev. W. J. Herritage, of Edenton, and Dr. G. W. Cardwell.

An order for a package from the post office to one of the visiting teachers was accidenly lost last Tuesday. It afterwards transpired that some person found the order, went to the office, asked for and received the package. Prof. Moore would be glad of any information relative to the matter.

Prof. Moore needs to congratulate himself upon the success which has attended the Teachers' Institute, conducted by him, which closes today. It was largely due to his efforts that it was held here and the results are far in access of any expectations. It opened on the 10th inst, and during its session 103 persons, representing fourteen counties and two States, have registered. In addition to the regular work there have been lectures and addresses upon timely and pertinent subjects by some of the best speakers and educators in this section. If interest and attendance are at all indicative then the teachers of this section are resolved to blend their every effort to raise their profession to the highest possible standard.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrators of the late Daniel S. Kramer We hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

EVA KRAMER,
C. E. KRAMER,
Administrators.

Elizabeth City, N C. May 4th, 1899.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County.
John Q. A. Wood, admin'r of Mary J. White, plaintiff, vs. John A. Lowe, Noah Brite, Mary Brite, Geo. H. Lowe and Zenas White, defend'ts } Order of Publication.

This cause being heard, and it appearing to the Court that the defendant, Geo. H. Lowe is a non-resident of North Carolina and has an interest in property, the subject of this action, of which this court has jurisdiction, and it also appearing that a summons has been issued to the Sheriff of Pasquotank County and returned "defendant cannot be found in my county," and it also appearing that the defendant cannot, after due diligence, be found in this State

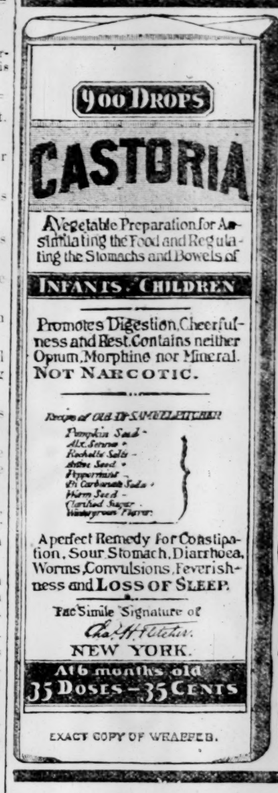
It is now, on motion of G. W. Ward, council for the plaintiff, ordered by the court that publication be made once a week for six successive weeks, commanding defendant to appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank county and answer or demur to the petition filed in this cause on August 10th, 1899, which proceeding is to obtain an order to sell for assets the Lands described in the petition in this cause.

Said publication will be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in North Carolina. Publication of this order shall be sufficient to the defendant.

W. J. JENNINGS,
Clerk Superior Court.

July 4th, 1899.

Ripans Tabules cure constipation.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of OLD DR SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED and UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

N. G Grandy CO

BROKERS

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

A Valuable House and Lot For Sale.

I offer my house and lot, near the Mill of Kramer Bros. & Co., on Martin street for sale. It is a desirable location and the house, outbuildings and lot are in good condition. K. KRAMER, Elizabeth City, N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Developers of Hawaii.

The commercial development of Hawaii was begun by the sons of the first missionaries, and has been to a very large extent carried on by their descendants. Other white settlers have married into these families, and so to-day those who are connected with these pioneers of Hawaiian civilization, either through direct descent or by marriage, collectively are called the missionary element, and represent at least three-fourths of Hawaii's industrial and commercial strength.

And this element in its full strength has been literally the salvation of Hawaii. It has been the upbuilding and the cleansing of the islands during times of extreme individual peril and uncertain governmental existence. It is the element which furnished the ministry whose first official act was to vote down their respective salaries a couple of thousand dollars each. And there is not an intelligent anti-missionary man on the islands who does not know this, and realizes how weak is the platform on which his clan stand. --Caspar Whitney, in Harper's Weekly.

A seat on the New York Stock Exchange was recently sold for $40,000, the highest sum ever paid.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot Ease,

A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoes stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Adr's Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Paris contains ten thousand individuals who live by begging.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Boston contains three pensioners of the War of 1812.

Conductor E. D. Loomis, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

New York City's Police Department employs 7400 persons.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Nearly one hundred different machines have been invented for boring rock.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

China's detective force is the best organized one in the world.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

The Pope employs twenty private secretaries.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice. Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

A Chicago woman makes her living by washing cats.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Almonds are found in Asia, Barbary and Morocco.

H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Bulgaria has secured a loan in Vienna, Austria, of $50,000,000.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

The combined population of Europe and America is about three hundred millions.

"Do Not Grasp at the Shadow and Lose the Substance."

Many people are but shadows of their former selves, due to neglect of health. Look out for the blood, the fountain of life, the actual substance; keep that pure by regular use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and robust health will be the result. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Marvelous Instinct of a Cat.

The marvelous instinct of an animal is said to sometimes be a sure warning of impending danger. It seems to be the case of the pet cat of the steamer City of Kingston. This animal, a large yellow one of no particular recommendation except its purring proclivities, has long been attached to that vessel, and not even the most persuasive coaxing could induce it to leave the confines of the ship. It has never been known to miss a trip.

When the Kingston arrived in Seattle from Victoria early Sunday morning, for some mysterious reason the feline went ashore, and when the time came for the departure for Tacoma, which resulted in the disaster to the Kingston, the animal refused to be coaxed aboard. Finally, a saucer of milk proving unavailing, one of the ship's crew took the cat in his arms and carried it aboard the vessel, but just as the lines were hauled in and the steamer was leaving the dock, the sagacious puss sprang from the Kingston to the wharf and disappeared in a pile of bags. It is now alive and the admiration of all hands at Yesler wharf. --Seattle (Wash.) Post Intelligencer.

Miss Lockheart's
LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 67,104]

"I cannot express my gratitude to you for the good that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I have taken five bottles of the Compound and two boxes of Liver Pills and feel better in every respect. I had suffered for years with dropsy; the veins in my limbs burst, caused from the pressure of the water. I had the worst kind of kidney trouble, fainting spells, and I could not stand long at a time. I also had female weakness and the doctor said there was a tumor in my left side. The pains I had to stand were something dreadful. A friend handed me a little book of yours, so I got your medicine and it has saved my life. I felt better from the first bottle. The bloating and the tumors have all gone and I do not suffer any pain. I am still using the Vegetable Compound and hope others may find relief as I have done from its use."—Miss N. J. Lockheart, Box 16, Elizabeth, Pa.

Only the women who have suffered with female troubles can fully appreciate the gratitude of those who have been restored to health.

Mrs. Pinkham responds quickly and without charge to all letters from suffering women. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

In the Cabinet meeting a few days ago, it was decided, in order to replenish the stock on the Island of Cuba, to admit free of duty 50,000 head of breeding cattle.

Paymaster W. B. Wilcox of the navy, recently tried by court-martial at the Mare Island Navy Yard on a charge of drunkenness was found guilty and sentenced to dismissal. President McKinley mitigated the sentence to reduction to the foot of the list of paymasters and stoppage of half of Wilcox's pay for one year.

Lieutenant Lawson M. Fuller, Ordnance Bureau, has been ordered to the Philippines as Chief Ordnance Officer in the field of the army operating there.

The President has approved the sentence of the court-martial in the case of Captain John McNeall, Fourth Cavalry, who was recently convicted by court-martial of violations of the army regulations in connection with his administration of the affairs of the mess fund of his company and other financial matters. He was ordered dismissed from the service.

Mr. Mitchell, the Acting Comptroller of the Treasury, has rendered a decision that Rear Admiral Sampson is not entitled to the pay of that grade from August 10, 1898, when he was commissioned by the President, to March 4 last. The decision was made in reply to an inquiry from Pay Inspector Burtis, on the flagship New York, at Port of Spain, Trinidad.

The War Department has been advised of the death at Santiago de Cuba of Lieutenant James B. McLaughlin, Volunteer Signal Corps. Lieutenant McLaughlin was a victim of yellow fever. He was appointed Second Lieutenant in the Signal Corps May 20, 1898, having previously served as a private in the regular army. He was born in Ireland.

Domestic.

Marc Sanche, twenty-five years old, became violently insane a few days ago, as the result of excessive cigarette smoking, and attempted to jump from a third-story window at his home in New York City. He was finally overpowed by his father and taken to Bellevue Hospital. Sanche smoked seventy-five to a hundred cigarettes a day.

Colonel E. T. Cooper, of Dover, Del., a United States prisoner, died at the New Jersey State Prison at Trenton after having suffered two days from colic accompanied by hiccoughs. Cooper was sentenced to the prison about a year ago for complicity in the abstraction of large sums of money from the First National Bank of Dover, Del.

When the case of Dan Coughlin, widely known on account of his trial for alleged participation in the murder of Dr. Cronin, was called in Chicago he failed to appear. He and his bartender, William Armstrong are accused of bribery and conspiracy to bribe in a damage suit the Illinois Central Railroad. Their bail, amounting to $20,000, was declared forfeited.

Albert Smith, a middle-aged negro, was hanged at Harrisburg, Penn. Smith poisoned his wife a year ago and went to live with Annie Winston, who had poisoned her husband. He began to pay attention to other women. Annie became jealous and notified the police. She is serving a twenty years' sentence.

Harry Rader, a butcher of Nazareth, drove his family into Easton, Penn., a few days ago, and while on the outskirts took his dog down to the canal to throw him in. As he threw the dog he slipped into the water himself and was drowned. His wife and children witnessed the accident.

Henry Chambers, of Guilford, Conn., a few days ago committed suicide by hanging himself. Domestic troubles are supposed to have been the cause of the deed.

Engineer E. Weatherford, of the Florence branch of the Southern Railway, was assassinated while asleep in his train at Tuscumbia, Ala. His son, John Weatherford, who is also an engineer of the Southern Railway, is in jail charged with the crime. The theory advanced by the State is that the murdered man had a large insurance upon his life, and his son, who is his only heir, committed the deed to secure the money.

The Savings Bank of St. Paul, at St. Paul, Minn., established in 1867 with a capital of $100,000, of which Thomas A. Prendergast is President, has been compelled to close its doors. All of the depositors will be paid in full.

An express agent at Sherrodsville, Ohio, was robbed of a box containing $2611.30. The money had been sent from Cleveland to the mining town to be paid to the employes of one coal mine. The express agent, who is also ticket agent, took the box into his office and looked after other duties for a few minutes. When he returned the cash was gone and a stranger, about twenty-five years old, who had alighted from the train which brought the box, was also missing.

Brigadier-General Funston has written to the Governor of Kansas suggesting that intercession with President McKinley to have the Kansas regiment sent home at once will be appreciated. He thinks the men are entitled to a rest.

A man literally died from joy a few days ago in the Ohio Penitentiary at Columbus. Grayson, a prisoner from Springfield, who has been serving a considerable sentence, got a pardon from Governor Bushnell. When the news was brought to him he could not withstand the shock the joyful tidings caused, and shortly after being released and before leaving the penitentiary walls he died. Grayson had been in feeble health for some time.

Thomas W. Kinney, of Portsmouth, Ohio, has filed an application in the United States Court at Cincinnati to be declared bankrupt. He has been a partner in the firms of W. Kinney & Co. and Kinney & Tibbetts, and the aggregate of his individual and partnership debts is $121,379. There are no assets.

Samuel F. Pague, former lieutenant in the United States Army, who became involved in serious trouble at Fort Sheridan several years ago committed suicide in Chicago. Pague was formally dismissed from the army on January 2, 1896, for shooting at Colonel Crofton three times.

Foreign.

Three months' court mourning for the death of the Czarewitch has been ordered at St. Petersburg, Russia.

The report that more mounted police are to be sent to the Yukon is officially denied at Ottawa, Ont. The Government intends to withdraw some of the militia. There are at present about 250 members of the police force in the Yukon, most of them stationed at Dawson.

The Politische Correspondent, of Vienna, Austria, says that an inquiry into the recent attempt to assassinate ex-King Milan, of Servia, at Belgrade, shows that it was part of an astonishingly widespread conspiracy and was intended, as the prologue to the overthrow of the dynasty and the entire present regime.

The British Government announces that it will contribute $225,000 to the antarctic expedition fund.

The Transvaal Government has decided to prosecute on the charge of high treason the three principal defendants whose complicity in the recent attempt to promote a rebellious rising at Johannesburg has been for several weeks under judicial investigation.

In the House of Commons, London, the Government announced that it proposed to pay the Royal Niger Company the sum of $4,825,000 for the revocation of its character and the surrender of all of its rights.

In the House of Commons, London, Mr. Brodrick, Parliamentary Foreign Secretary, promised to ask the British Embassy at Washington to procure the reports of the Buffalo Laboratory on the study of cancer in that institution.

Captain Iremonger of the Durham Regiment was shot by a railway engineer of the name of Gregory, whose wife recently eloped with Iremonger. The shooting occurred at Bandora, India. Gregory, after shooting Iremonger, killed his wife and then committed suicide.

Two British warships have arrived at Delagoa Bay for the purpose of intercepting Boer supplies in the event of hostilities.

The latest supersession in connection with the Dreyfus affair is that of M. Deniel, Governor of the penal settlements on the Isles du Salut, who, it is alleged, doubled, on his own authority, the penalty of a month in irons imposed on Dreyfus. M. Deniel, it seems, persistently aimed at wringing a confession from the prisoner. His successor as Governor is M. Lasoucan.

The transfer of the Carolines and other islands to Germany takes place in the autumn. A warship will be sent to the islands to take formal possession of them and hoist the German flag. She will be accompanied by a steamer having the administration officials on board.

In view of the coming into operation of the treaties between Japan and certain foreign powers, the Emperor has issued a rescript at Yokohama enjoining the people to observe courtesy and tact in their intercourse with foreigners.

The Prefect of Police has informed the Municipal Council of Paris that M. Bertillon will continue at the head of the anthropometric department, from which the photographic and caligraphic departments will be severed.

SANTIAGO QUARANTINED.

Energetic Steps Taken by General Wood to Check Yellow Fever.

FORBIDS AMERICANS TO LAND.

The Military Governor Orders the Hotels and Saloons Closed—The Other Measures Taken to Prevent the Spread of Yellow Fever—Troops Have Been Moved Outside of the City's Limits.

Santiago de Cuba (By Cable).—General Leonard Wood, in command of the Department of Santiago de Cuba, issued General Order No. 34 a few days ago, establishing absolute quarantine. All officers of the Government and employes are forbidden to enter the city, with the exception o those belonging to the Department. Major Carr and Surgeons Mendoza and Hunez are detailed to take charge of the fever patients in the city, which is placed under strict regulations. Other officers will have charge of the yellow fever hospital on the island. The Mayor is directed to close all American hotels and saloons, to forbid other liquor dealers to sell intoxicants to Americans, and to arrest all intoxicated Americans or loiterers in saloons. The principal hotels and saloons are designated by name.

THE MARKET PLACE AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

The pack trains were ordered to establish camps outside the city, and all the troops were moved to Songo, except one company at Morro Castle.

The headquarters of all the departments were moved to Cristo, and the railroad and steamship lines are forbidden to bring Americans into the city. No ships are permitted to touch at the wharves.

The strictest regulations have been established for the protection from fever of the company of soldiers at Morro Castle. Supplies are to be left at the road depot, and will be taken to the soldiers by teams from the camp.

No travelers will be permitted to leave here without having undergone five days' detention in camp.

General Wood proposes to adopt heroic measures to stamp out the fever.

Many Americans have been arrested under the terms of General Wood's order.

ALGER REMAINS IN THE CABINET.

The Secretary of War Says That He Has No Intention of Resigning.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Secretary Alger made a statement a few days ago concerning the reports that he is about to resign from the Cabinet. When asked by a newspaper correspondent as to the truth of the rumors, the Secretary said:

GENERAL RUSSELL A. ALGER.

"There is nothing in these reports but air. I shall not retire this year, certainly, and cannot say as to the future. My private business and the state of my health will govern my future course.

"Those constant assaults and repeated baseless reports are, of course, very annoying to me and extremely distressing to my family, but I have never yet retired under fire and do not propose to do so now. Nothing that I have ever heard of or known of has been so cruel as these attacks upon me. If my critics can point to one thing in my official career I have done that I ought not to have done, or I have not done that I should have done, I shall be very glad to surrender my present official duties."

ADMIRAL DEWEY AT SUEZ.

After a Short Stop the Olympia Enters the Canal.

Suez (By Cable).—The United States cruiser Olympia, from Colombo, Ceylon, with Admiral Dewey, arrived here a few days ago. After a short stop the Olympia entered the canal.

Admiral Dewey said he was in very good health. He appeared to be in excellent condition, which was also the case with his officers and men. Most of them have suffered from malarial fever, but have now quite recovered.

WANT AMERICANS TO FIGHT.

Transvaal Authorities Ask Them to Agree to Bear Arms.

London (By Cable).—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"The Transvaal Field Cornets are refusing to register American citizens unless they take oath to bear arms for the Republic in the event of war. The Americans, therefore, threaten to become British subjects, so as to avoid this. The Transvaal Government is making representations to Washington on the subject.

A Receiver For the Ruskin Co'ony.

The Ruskin co-operative colony in Dickson County, Tenn., has been placed in charge of H. J. Bowers as receiver. A reorganization will follow. The colony has been conducted successfully along socialistic lines, but the stockholders disagreed.

Government Favors Soldiers' Families.

An order of the War Deparment at Washington permits the immediate family of a regular or volunteer soldier who is absent abroad to purchase at cost prices fuel and subsistence stores which are for the immediate use of the family.

The Labor World.

British workmen have had their hours of labor reduced on an average about two hours a week.

It is estimated that over 500,000 workers have had their pay raised this year in the various industries.

The recent street car strike in Cleveland resulted in the loss of nearly $50,000 in wages to the strikers.

Many labor leaders say that industrial arbitration has not proven the success that they anticipated it would prove.

In England last year 978,000 people received an increase of fifteen cents a week, as against 12,000 whose wages were decreased.

The union is becoming more and more like a beneficient order.

The eight-hour movement has made such progress since its inauguration that it is estimated over one million workers are enjoying the benefit of the shorter work day.

The Massachusetts House of Representatives has passed over the Governor's veto the bill exempting trade unions from the laws governing fraternal beneficiary organizations.

Labor unions all over the country report an increased membership for the last few months, due, in some measure, to the revival of work in many trades which had been affected by bad times, thus enabling the workers to contribute to the support of unions.

ADDRESS BY AGUINALDO

Report of His Speech at the Celebration at Tarlac.

The Filipino Leader Tells His Followers Not to Be Ungrateful to Spain—He Says That Autonomy Is a Deceit.

Manila (By Cable).—A copy of the Independencia has reached Manila containing a report of the speech which Aguinaldo made at the recent celebration at Tarlac of the anniversary of the proclamation of Filipino independence. It is in substance as follows:

"Philippines, beloved daughter of the ardent sun of the tropics, commended by Providence to the care of noble Spain, be not ungrateful to her; salute her who warmed thee with the breath of her own culture and civilization. It is true she sought to crush thy aspiration for independence, as a loving mother opposes separation forever from the daughter of her bosom. This but proves the excess of affection and love Spain feels for thee.

"Philippines, delicate flower of the East, scarcely eight months weaned from the breast of thy mother, thou hast dared to brave a great and powerful nation, such as is the United States, after barely organizing and disciplining thy little army. Yet we reply, we will be slaves to none, nor allow ourselves to be deceived by soft words. Let us continue to defend our fatherland till independence is assured, for this is justice. We shall see at last that the great American nation will acknowledge the right, which is on our side. That doctrine of the great Monroe, that America is for Americans, is not forgotten. Just as we affirm that the Philippines are for the Filipinos.

"The Americans wish to try us, to see if we are able to live up to the second color of our banner, red, which signifies courage, heroism, and martyrdom. Therefore we should not resent this struggle with the Americans. In spite of their expressed desires to dominate all the Philippines, I still convinced are they that we fight with justice and right on our side, and that autonomy is all a show of deceit, only serving to save certain accumulated wealth.

"We might well accept this autonomy America offers, but what can we do with it if our ambition is independence, and if we are to accept it only to later overthrow by force of arms the sovereignty of America? As I believe it is the intention of the autonomists to make use of treachery and deceit, we cannot accept such a procedure. We do not wish to be traitors afterward. We wish to show our character of frankness and sincerity and nothing more.

"Filipinos, let us be constant! Let us strengthen the bonds of our union!"

Aguinaldo concluded by calling for cheers for independence, the union of the Filipinos, and for the liberating army.

SENATORS NEAR TO BLOWS.

Gallinger and Chandler Start in For a Fist Fight.

Concord, N. H. (Special).—The session of the Senator Gallinger investigation, which was begun under the direction of the Civil Service Commission, ended in a row a few days ago.

Senator Chandler in a statement intimated, and in fact charged that Senator Gallinger had defended himself by influencing witnesses to stay away from the investigation. This caused Senator Gallinger to turn pale with rage and deny the accusation. The charge was repeated and Senator Gallinger told his colleague that he would not make such a statement outside of that room. Senator Chandler took up the gauntlet and said that he would say it outside. Stepping to the door of the room leading into the hallway, he invited Senator Gallinger to come out.

Gallinger started for the door. Newspaper men and the Commissioners rose to their feet and sought to prevent a row, and they were none too quick, as Senator Gallinger had nearly crossed the room in response to the invitation of his colleague at Washington. The party in the room seemed to divide. Friends of Senator Chandler, including his son, William D. Chandler, ran to his part of the room, while those of Senator Gallinger in haste placed themselves close to him.

GOV. ATKINSON TOOK HATFIELD

Went Out Into the Woods and Guaranteed Him a Fair Trial.

Charleston, W. Va. (Special).—Governor Atkinson and Private Secretary Boggs have returned from the Hatfield country. They brought with them to Huntington Elias Hatfield, Jr., who several days ago had an altercation with H. E. Ellis, at Gray, in Mingo County, and killed him with a rifle bullet. The Governor had arranged with a personal friend, Dr. Bartram, who is also a friend of the Hatfields, to have Elias surrender to the Governor. In response to a telegram from Dr. Bartram, the Governor took his secretary and went to Warneliffe, in the upper end of Mingo County, where he met the Hatfield crowd.

The young man approached the Governor with his hat in his left hand and his rifle in the other hand, and said that he surrendered to him as the Chief Executive of the State, and all that he asked was protection from mob violence and a fair trial. He said that he killed Ellis in self-defence.

The Governor took his gun and told the young man that he would take him to Huntington and turn him over to Judge Dolittle, who is Judge of the Circuit Court, and he would guarantee him protection and a fair trial at the hands of the law.

The Price of Coal Advanced.

Among the industries which report a more cheerful outlook than for some time past is that of anthracite coal, which has been advanced twenty-five cents a ton.

Incommunicado System Abolished in Cuba.

Governor-General Brooke, of Cuba, has signed the decree doing away entirely with the incommunicado system. Many Cuban lawyers were opposed to this step, but the majority of thinking people applaud it.

Hurry Work on the Philadelphia.

Orders have been sent by the Navy Department, Washington, to the commandant of the Mare Island Navy Yard, California, to have the cruiser Philadelphia repaired without delay, and get her into condition for sea service within the shortest possible time.

Minor Mention.

Mormon missions have been established in the Philippines.

Geologists say that the natural gas supply of Indiana will be exhausted in four or five years.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Wagner, Fourth Cavalry, having reached the age of sixty-two years, has been placed on the retired list. He is a native of Germany, and entered the army in April, 1866, as a private.

The public schools at Manila have opened with 5000 pupils. The attendance is compulsory between the ages of six and twelve. Among the branches to be taught will be English, which every pupil must study an hour a day.

General Rios, recently Spain's principal commander in the Philippines, has arrived at Madrid, Spain.

The Portuguese Parliament has passed a commercial convention with the United States which provides for a mutual reduction of duties.

The alleged Orleanist plot in France attracts no attention in England. The Duke of Orleans is known in London as a good-natured infant, who would have frightful difficulty in earning a living if he were not his father's son.

Martial law has been declared throughout the Department of Belgrade, Servia, including the city of Belgrade, owing to discoveries made in the course of the inquiry into the recent attempt upon the life of former King Milan.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

29	**BUTTER.**		
Dreamery—West. extras...	—	@	18½
Firsts	17½	@	18
Thirds to seconds	15	@	17
State—Thirds to firsts	15	@	18
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	17
Imitation Creamery	13	@	16
Factory, fresh firsts	13½	@	13½
Low grades	12	@	12½
	CHEESE.		
State—Full cream, fancy	—	@	8¾
Small	—	@	8½
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	6¾
Full skims	—	@	3
	EGGS.		
Yearby—Fancy	16½	@	17
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	15½
Western—Choice	15	@	15¼
Southern	—	@	—
	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	1 52½	@	1 55
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 42½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 40
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 70	@	1 72½
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 90	@	1 95
Yellow eye	1 25	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 60	@	2 70
Green peas, bags	1 10	@	1 12½
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Strawberries, ₱ qt	5	@	15
Huckleberries, ₱ qt	5	@	10
Gooseberries, ₱ qt	5	@	7
Blackberries, ₱ qt	5	@	9
Muskmelons, Fla., ₱ case	1 00	@	2 50
Watermelons, ₱ 100	6 00	@	20 00
Raspberries, Jersey, ₱ pt	3	@	4½
Currants, ₱ qt	5	@	7
Cherries, ₱ lb	3	@	8
Apples, Jersey, ₱ bbl	75	@	2 00
Peaches, Del., ₱ carrier	50	@	1 50
	HOPS.		
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Fair to prime	12	@	15
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	—	@	17
Common to prime	11	@	16
Old odds	2	@	7
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	11
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	11	@	13
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	7
Turkeys, ₱ lb	—	@	8
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	70
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	20	@	25
	DRESSED POULTRY.		
Turkeys, ₱ lb	—	@	10
Broilers, Phila., ₱ lb	14	@	20
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	—	@	11½
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	—	@	14
Geese, Eastern spring, ₱ lb	18	@	20
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 25	@	2 25
	HAY AND STRAW.		
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	85	@	87½
Straw—Long rye	45	@	50
	VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes, Rose, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Old, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Cabbages, L. I., ₱ 100	1 50	@	2 50
Onions, Egyptian, ₱ bag	1 75	@	2 00
N. Y. State red, ₱ bag	1 75	@	2 25
Tomatoes, Jersey, ₱ box	75	@	1 50
Squash, ₱ crate	50	@	1 50
Turnips, white, ₱ bbl	50	@	75
Peas, L. I., ₱ bag	1 50	@	2 50
Lima beans, L. I. ₱ bag	1 00	@	2 00
String beans, ₱ basket	75	@	1 25
Beets, ₱ 100 bunches	1 00	@	2 00
Peppers, ₱ box	1 00	@	1 50
Cucumbers, ₱ box	—	@	50
Asparagus, ₱ doz. bunches	50	@	3 00
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Green corn, ₱ 100	25	@	1 00
Egg plant, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	3 00
Lettuce, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 00
	GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 00
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	80¾
No. 2 Red	—	@	79¾
Corn—No. 2	39½	@	40
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	31
Track mixed	29	@	31½
Rye—Western	64	@	65
State	—	@	59
Lard—City steam	4.95c	@	5.00c
	LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, city dressed	8	@	8¾
Calves, city dressed	9	@	11
Country dressed	7½	@	9½
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	2 75	@	4 75
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	5 00	@	7 35
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	4 40	@	4 50
Country dressed	4	@	6½

DESTROYED AMERICAN BEEF.

English Navy Now Cures 50,000 Pounds Annually at Home.

London (By Cable).—The Secretary to the Admiralty, W. E. Ellison Macartney, replying in the House of Commons to a question of James C. Flynn, Irish Nationalist, regarding the recent destruction at Deptford of 36,000 pounds of salt meat unfit for food, and whether, in view of this enormous loss, the Admiralty would consider the advisability of contracting for salt meat with Irish and other home curers, said the whole of the pork destroyed at Deptford was Irish pork, and that all the beef condemned was American.

Mr. Macarteny added that all the salt beef consumed in the British navy was obtained, until recently, from America, which was the only available commercial source of supply. Now 50,000 pounds of beef are cured annually at Deptford.

OUR GRAIN-FIELD GOLD MINES.

The Three Leading Crops of This Year Valued at $1,501,449,000.

New York City (Special).—Taking the Government crop reports for July 1 as the basis of calculation, the statistician of the Produce Exchange in this city estimates our three leading grain crops this year as follows:

Wheat	560,140,000 bushels
Corn	2,121,600,000 bushels
Oats	775,680,000 bushels

At present prices the money value of these crops will be:

Wheat	$420,105,000
Corn	848,640,000
Oats	232,704,000
Total	$1,501,449,000

That is to say, these three grain crops alone will produce this year a volume of wealth greater by one-third than the entire interest bearing national debt.

ARGENTINE TRADE GROWS.

That Country Took Goods Worth $1,509,000 More Than She Sent.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—United States Minister Buchanan reports to the State Department that there was a considerable increase in the trade of the United States with the Argentine Republic during the first quarter of this year. The imports from the United States increased $1,616,759, while the exports from Argentina to the United States decreased $158,211.

The Value of the Peanut Crop.

Peanut quotations in Chicago a few days ago showed a rise of 100 per cent. At the new prices the peanut crop of 1899 will be worth between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000. This sum will be scattered through a comparatively small district in Virginia. The advance is due to the fact that the current demand is phenomenal.

Fewest Failures in Twenty-five Years.

Dun's Review reports that the commercial failures of the second quarter of 1899 were the smallest in twenty-five years.

Business Briefs.

Excessive rains have caused some damage to grain in shock in Kansas.

Durham capitalists are preparing to build a $1,000,000 mill at Lockville, N. C.

Heavy rains and high winds have blown down corn over a considerable area in Iowa.

Domestic kid-glove manufacturers are forming a big combination on a sound basis.

The quantity of wheat held in this country and Canada on July 1 was nearly 50,000,000 bushels.

Textile manufactures are doing well, and in woolen goods prices tend upward, with a considerably better demand.

Drought continues in the central Gulf States, Tennessee, portions of the Ohio Valley and Southern Michigan.

Pacific Coast trade reports are generally good, and shipments of flour to the Far East are very heavy from all ports.

A good crop of oats is being harvested in Indiana and Illinois, and the outlook in Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania is promising.

Native linen mills are holding their own, the imports of linen goods from Great Britain showing a falling off as compared with last year.

In the Carolinas, Middle Atlantic States and New England the general outlook for tobacco is improved, the crop being in fine condition in Maryland.

The Miners Wear Diamonds.

Many of the miners there display the most costly diamonds on their brown hands, marquise, solitaires. At a church fair given at Butte, Montana, not long ago over $10,000 was realized in one week.

The population of Butte and South Butte is given at 36,000. Counting in the suburbs of Walkerville, Centreville and Meaderville the population is over 70,000. Visiting these suburbs daytime or night, they are about the most desolate-looking places possible. Not a blade of grass, not a tree or flower. Just a never-ending vista of bare earth. The same thing is encountered in Butte. No flowers or vegetation, save in the florists' windows. Many people contend that it is the total abstinence of the beautiful in nature that causes so much violence.

Looking at the paved streets and fine buildings it is difficult to believe that the ground under the city is literally honeycombed with rich veins from different mines. Many of them have been worked a little. Real estate is sold only twenty feet below the surface. On many of the principal streets may be seen desolate-looking shaft houses where the mines closed down. Right west of the court house the Thomas mine is located, but the operator had to cease work as it was having a disastrous effect on the court house.

The Uses of Adversity.

Secretary Wilson tells a story which illustrates the uses of adversity. A farmer out West planted a lot of ground to sugar beets. They grew beautifully and sent out a glorious foliage of dark-red leaves, with deep-red veins in them, which he admired very much. A tornado came and cut them off close to the ground. The poor farmer was discouraged. It was too late to plow up the field and plant another crop. His whole spring labor was wasted and all his money was gone. He decided that he would give up farming, advertise his place for sale and go back East to his wife's folk. Before they had finished packing, however, he noticed new, healthy shoots coming from all the beets, and told his wife he guessed they would better hold up awhile and see what happened. In a few weeks the foliage was as fresh and strong as before, so he hoed out the weeds with confidence of getting a good crop. When he dug up those beets and took them to the sugar factory that fall they were found to contain more saccharine than any others that were offered, and upon an investigation at the experiment station it was decided that their superiority was due to the storm. From that time on beet farmers have imitated the example of nature and cut the tops off their beets at least once during the season.—Chicago Record.

Nutritious Birds.

The flesh of birds differs in quality according to the food on which they live. Such as feed upon grain and berries afford in general good nourishment, if we except geese and ducks, whose flesh is hard of digestion. A young chicken is tender and delicate food and extremely well adapted for use when the digestive powers are weak. Of all tame fowls the capon is the most nutritious. Turkey and guinea fowls afford substantial aliment, but are not as welcome to the stomach as to the palate. In all birds those parts are most firm which are most exercised; therefore, the wings and in the larger birds the legs are commonly the toughest. The flesh of wild birds in general, though more digestible, is less nourishing than that of quadrupeds, being dryer on account of the constant exercise which birds take. Those birds which subsist upon worms, insects or fishes do not furnish wholesome food.—Lippincott's.

A Hawaiian Temple of Refuge.

Kawaihae's one remaining point of interest is the ruins, back on the hill, of a temple of refuge built by Kamehameha the Great. It is the very last of the Heiaus, where in the old days, during strife, the peaceful sought and obtained immunity from harm—for into these temples a man might not pursue an enemy. This ruin indicates a very substantial structure, in parallelogram form, about 220 feet long by 100 feet wide. Entrance is gained through a narrow passage between two high walls, and the interior is laid off in terraces and paved with smooth flat stones. The wall uphill is eight feet high, and on the downhill side twenty feet high, and both are twelve feet thick at base.—Harper's Weekly.

To get the best results you must use the best materials.

You need expect only poor laundering with poor soap, but you will find dainty articles that have been washed with Ivory Soap restored to their original freshness with unchanged colors.

Nothing that will stand the application of plain water will be injured by Ivory Soap.

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A Great Memory For Dates.

William L. McNair, a young man of about twenty years of age, a resident of Milton, is the possessor of an extraordinary memory. The events of the past nine years that have come before his notice seem to have been preserved in the brain, as the cylinder of a phonograph preserves the vibrations of sound. The condition of the weather, the date of notable snowstorms and the circumstances under which they came, fires, murders, the death of famous men, together with a vast quantity of miscellaneous information, seem to be completely at Mr. McNair's command, and without the practice and rehearsal that memorizing usually involves. There is something almost uncanny in a memory that permits a man without hesitation to tell you